

Application Development Tool (ADT) for the microWIUTM

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Application Development Tool (ADT) for the microWIUTM

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<u>User's Manual</u> **Alstom Signaling Inc.**

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<u>PREFACE</u>

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ALSTOM SIGNALING INC 1025 JOHN STREET WEST HENRIETTA, NY 14586

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ABOUT THE MANUAL

This manual is intended to provide the necessary information to maintain and ensure proper operation of the Alstom Application Development Tool (ADT) for the microWIU[™].

The information in this manual is arranged into sections. The title and a brief description of each section follow:

Section 1 – GENERAL DESCRIPTION: This section provides general information on manual intent, content, and conventions.

Section 2 – INTRODUCTION: This section introduces the theory of operation and the features of the ADT.

Section 3 – GETTING STARTED: This section describes how to install and prepare to use the ADT.

Section 4 – ADT APPLICATIONS: This section describes how to create ADT Applications and configure Application data.

Section 5 – APPLICATION MODIFICATION AND VIEWING: This section describes how to modify ADT Applications, organize and manage Application data, and view ACSES real-time message data.

Section 6 – APPLICATION DATA VERIFICATION: This section describes why the ADV and CAA reports must be identical and a way to compare these reports.

Appendix A – PREPARATION PROCESS DATA SHEET: This section provides the validation data sheet.

Appendix B – SAFETY-RELATED APPLICATION CONDITIONS / ACTIONS: This section contains the Safety-Related Application checklist to record all evidence required by the customer/railroad to validate information contained in the microWIU application before beginning revenue service.

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MANUAL SPECIAL NOTATIONS

In the Alstom manuals, three methods are used to convey special informational notations. These notations are warnings, cautions, and notes. Both warnings and cautions are readily noticeable by boldface type and a box around the entire informational statement.

Warning

A warning is the most important notation to heed. A warning is used to tell the reader that special attention needs to be paid to the message because if the instructions or advice is not followed when working on the equipment then the result could be either serious harm or death. The sudden, unexpected operation of a switch machine, for example, or the technician contacting the third rail could lead to personal injury or death. An example of a typical warning notice follows:

WARNING

Disconnect motor energy whenever working on switch layout or switch machine. Unexpected operation of machine could cause injury from open gears, electrical shock, or moving switch points.

Caution

A caution statement is used when failure to follow the recommended procedure could result in loss or alteration of data. A typical caution found in a manual is as follows:

CAUTION

Changing session date and time to earlier values may affect the ability of the History Window to store data correctly.

Note

A note is normally used to provide minor additional information to the reader to explain the reason for a given step in a test procedure or to just provide a background detail. An example of the use of a note follows:

Note: Leads must be long enough to allow strain relief, thus eliminating local tension.

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SECTION 1 – GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 SAFETY WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS

WARNING

Before using an Application generated by the ADT, the user must execute the procedure described in SECTION 6 – Application Data Verification to ensure Vital application data structures are correct.

WARNING

The splash screen reminds the user of the importance of preserving the input and output files from any modifications. Since this is a Vital software program, any change to the generated files has the potential to impact the safe performance of the system.

WARNING

Users must be capable and qualified (e.g., experienced signal engineers) to properly verify the safety of the data and its application. It is the users' responsibility to verify the correctness of the MicroWIU input data in that it accurately represents the intended safe functionality of the system. Furthermore, "verify the correctness" means that (1) the user is required to compare the input and output data files to verify the ADT has operated correctly and (2) the user must test the application in its intended environment before it can be placed in revenue service.

WARNING

No trains may be put into service until ALL of the file outputs are verified to be identical.

WARNING

It is the responsibility of the railroad to ensure personnel are thoroughly trained and sufficiently knowledgeable regarding safety requirements and precautions affecting the microWIU system performance.

WARNING

It is the responsibility of the railroad to ensure formal application engineering training to explain proper selection and use of VSOE2, including, but not limited to, message configuration.

WARNING

Prior to software installation, validation testing must confirm all application logic is correct and consistent with application requirements.

WARNING

Field testing of an Application is required before placing the location into revenue service. The customer's testing plan and safety plan define the testing requirements for the Application.

WARNING

Railroad correspondence (validation) testing must be conducted to ensure that microWIU configuration and physical connections agree with railroad track conditions.

WARNING

The Application Data Verification (ADV) procedure output listing provides a means to compare and verify equivalence between the input and the output data.

However, the Application Data Verification process neither determines the safety suitability of the Boolean expression list nor determines the validity of certain encoded application data. The input data to the ADV process must be verified for safety separately, prior to the ADV process, and the safety and suitability of the input data is the responsibility of the user.

The ADV does, however, issue warnings and error messages as a result of non-vital data checking to alert the user to possible discrepancies.

WARNING

It is the railroad's responsibility to establish and maintain the Security Levels through the ADT for microWIU window access. Restriction of unauthorized personnel to functions that can affect safety is imperative.

WARNING

It is the railroad's responsibility to ensure remote access via a TCP/IP connection is secured and controlled by a password.

CAUTION

Use of the Application Development Tool must be limited to only skilled and trained application designers (application engineers).

CAUTION

Product manuals clearly define all maintenance requirements of the system, and training must be sufficient to convey understanding of safety requirements

CAUTION

Applications created with a previous version of ADT software (i.e., different than the microWIU is currently running) need to be recompiled with the version of ADT software that matches the version on the target microWIU. Applications compiled in an older ADT version will render the microWIU nonfunctional.

1.2 INTRODUCTION

This manual contains the basic information needed to understand how to use the Alstom Application Development Tool (ADT) for the Alstom microWIU (micro Wayside Interface Unit).

1.3 INTENDED AUDIENCE

This manual is written for signaling application engineers and others who wish to understand how to use the ADT to create or modify Application configuration files for the microWIU.

Before reading this manual the user should have a working knowledge of using the Microsoft Windows[®] operating system and running programs in that environment.

1.4 ABOUT THIS MANUAL

This ADT User's Manual describes how to generate the files for the microWIU configuration. The microWIU is a Wayside Interface Unit intended to monitor the state of wayside signaling equipment in small to medium-scale overlay applications.

1.5 DOCUMENT CONVENTIONS

The conventions in Table 1–1 are used in this manual.

Table 1–1. Document Conventions

| Convention | Description |
|-------------|---|
| bold | In command lines, bold text represents information that should be entered exactly as shown (keywords). |
| bold italic | Bold italic text is used to indicate icons to activate or selections in the menu tree. |
| italic | Italic text is used to indicate a file name |
| [] | In command lines, square brackets indicate an option. To enter the option, type only the information inside the brackets. Do not type the brackets themselves. |
| | When describing a menu selection, this character is used to separate consecutive menu item choices. For example, File Exit means to open the File dropdown menu and select the Exit item. |

1.6 COMMON ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviations used throughout this manual are provided in Table 1–2.

Table 1–2. Glossary

| Term | Definition |
|----------|---|
| AAR | Association of American Railroads |
| ACSES | Advanced Civil Speed Enforcement System |
| ADT | Application Development Tool |
| ADV | Application Data Verifier |
| BL | Baseline |
| CAA | Computer Aided Application |
| CRC | Cyclical Redundancy Check |
| GUI | Graphical User Interface |
| HMAC | Hash-based Message Authentication Code |
| ITC | Interoperable Train Control |
| LoMA | Limit of Movement Authority |
| NISAL | Numerically Integrated Safety Assurance Logic |
| microWIU | micro Wayside Interface Unit |
| NoLoMA | No Limit of Movement Authority |
| OBC | On-Board Computer |
| PIN | Personal Identification Number |
| PTC | Positive Train Control |
| VSOE | Vital Serial over Ethernet |
| WIU | Wayside Interface Unit |
| WSM | Wayside Status Message |

1.7 RELATED PUBLICATIONS

Table 1–3. Related Publications List

| Document No. | Title |
|--------------|--|
| P2525 | microWIU Operation and Maintenance Manual |
| AAR S-9202 | Interoperable Train Control Wayside Interface Requirements |

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SECTION 2 – INTRODUCTION

2.1 WHAT IS THE ADT?

The ADT is a Windows application that allows the user to design microWIU locationspecific scenarios, and creates the files required to run a microWIU Application.

Data entry, data editing, and compiling are performed through a single project-oriented interface. Applications can be created from within the ADT or imported from existing projects.

CAUTION

Use of the Application Development Tool must be limited to only skilled and trained application designers (application engineers).

2.2 THEORY OF OPERATION

The ADT is used to create the files ("Applications") that configure microWIUs. A graphical user interface (GUI) uses a dropdown selection menu format to create, view, and modify microWIU Application information.

The Application Development Tool has three architectural components:

- Graphical User Interface: The GUI provides selection, display, and data entry windows for configuration and application information to define the operation of a microWIU. It provides the ability to create and save new Applications, and initiate the compilation of an Application into a set of programming files used on the microWIU.
- 2. Compiler: The compile process takes the application details defined in the GUI and builds the NISAL application data structures required for the microWIU to implement the desired WIU functionality in a fail-safe manner. In addition to the Vital data structures, the compiler generates non-vital application information. Configuration data tables and Vital data structures are required for the microWIU to implement the desired WIU functionality in a fail-safe manner.
- 3. Application Data Verifier (ADV): The ADV is a separate utility that examines the compiler output to verify that the Vital data structures produced are complete and consistent with the defined Application requirements.

2.2.1 Operating Modes

The microWIU can be applied to the following operating modes:

- Interoperable Train Control (ITC)
- Advanced Civil Speed Enforcement System (ACSES)
- Dual (ITC and ACSES) Positive Train Control (PTC) configurations

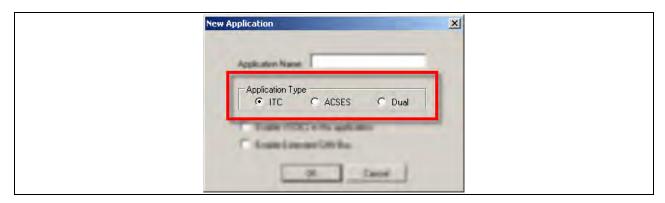


Figure 2-1. New Application Types

The ADT and the microWIU support all three operating modes. The common element to the microWIU configuration for all operating modes is the definition of the wayside devices being monitored by the WIU. These devices are common between the ITC and ACSES operating modes when dual-mode operation is defined.

There are three types of external input devices:

1. Signals:

ITC: A variable number of inputs (one for each signal filament monitored)

ACSES: One input representing Go state

- 2. Switches: Two inputs (Normal/Reverse)
- 3. Generic Inputs: One input representing the permissive state of the input

Note: A maximum of 112 inputs can be added to an Application with no special protocols enabled. If more than 112 inputs are attempted, an error message appears.

Introduction

2.2.2 ACSES Application Development

The process for preparing WIU location-specific data for ACSES (for example, encoder database design) is essentially the same as that used for the legacy ACSES Encoder. The required input documents for the location are assembled. From these input documents, data is extracted to develop the routing messages. Next, the data from these documents is entered into the ADT using its GUI. Based on the number of defined routes, the user defines each possible message ("With LoMA" or "Without LoMA"), including a Stop message.

ACSES is based on the model of equipped trains requesting a signal status response while approaching a particular signal. For each signal, a unique set of pre-defined messages is created using the ADT, where each message is associated with a unique set of Vital input states. In operation, when a train requests a particular signal, the current Vital input states are used to select and vitally validate the relevant message. If no pre-defined message exists for the current Vital input states, a default error message is transmitted instead.

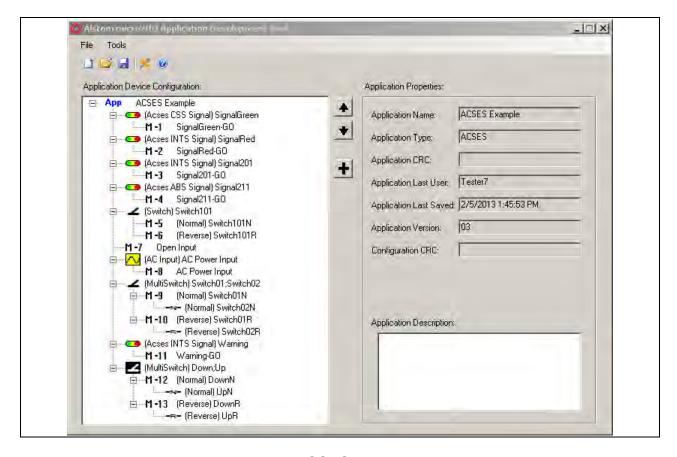


Figure 2-2. Example ACSES Application Main Window

The ACSES Programming dialog window for defining an ACSES message is shown in Figure 2-3.

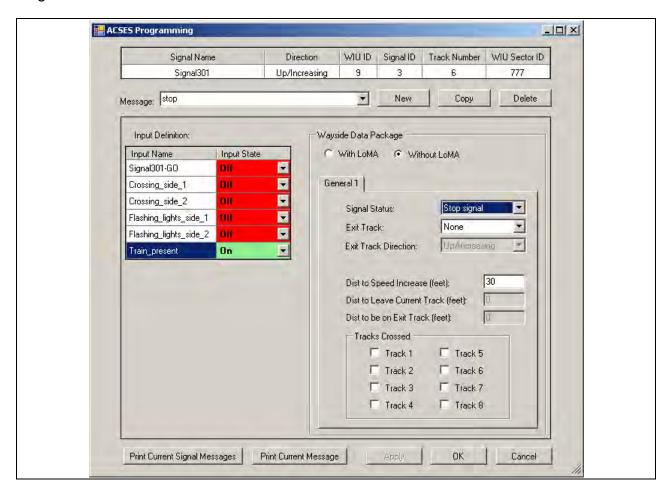


Figure 2-3. Example ACSES Message Programming Dialog Window

When all messages for all signals are defined, the Application programmer initiates the compile step. This step automatically generates the low-level Application data used by the executive software on the microWIU to safely generate the appropriate output message in a fail-safe manner only if the relevant Vital inputs (Switch Position, Generic Input, and Signal Inputs) are in the correct states. The ADT compile function produces Application data files and compiler report files. The Application data files are then checked by a separate utility called the Application Data Verifier (ADV) that produces a diverse set of report files. A competent signal engineer then compares the CAA report files with the ADV generated report files to verify safety results are in agreement between the two reports before the Application may be used in service.

WARNING

Field testing of an Application is required before placing the location into revenue service. The customer's testing plan and safety plan define the testing requirements for the Application.

The Application programming file can then be transferred to a USB device that is inserted into the PC's USB port. The USB device should be labeled (refer to Table 4–20, Step 5) according to the user's configuration control requirements and inserted into the Application USB port of the appropriate microWIU.

When the microWIU is in normal operation, the Vital inputs are monitored continuously. When a signal request message is received from an OBC on an ACSES-equipped approaching train, the current states of the inputs are used to select the appropriate message (or error message if inputs do not match any defined messages). The Vital output message is built using Alstom safety algorithms to ensure that the valid Vital CRC on an output message verifies:

- All Vital inputs are in their corresponding states, and
- All internal system safety checks are passed

2.2.3 ITC Application Development

The process for preparing WIU location-specific data for ITC operation uses the same ADT GUI as the ACSES Application design, and is based on common wayside device definitions (Signals, Switches, and Generic Inputs) for a location.

Figure 2-4 shows the Application Device view of the ADT for an Application with one switch and four signals. The required ITC Application inputs are assembled, such as ITC WIU address, Wayside Status Message (WSM) device mapping, encrypted HMAC key, network configuration, and addresses. From this input information, the user populates the ITC Application Settings fields (see Figure 2-5) in the ADT. All default ITC mode settings, such as Beacon timing duration, can be customized for the particular Application prior to compiling.

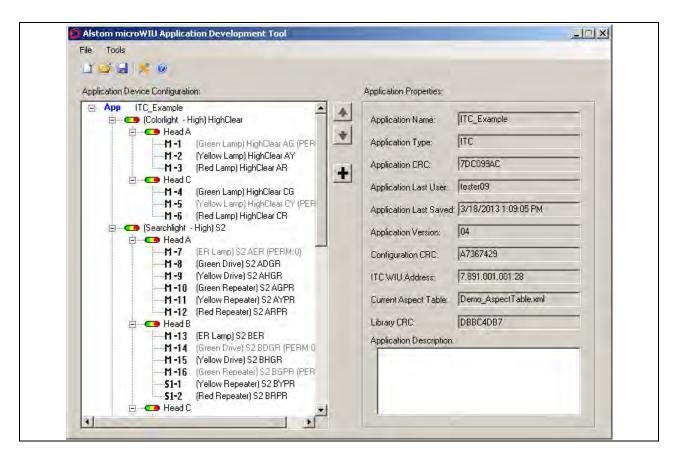


Figure 2-4. Example ITC Application Main Window

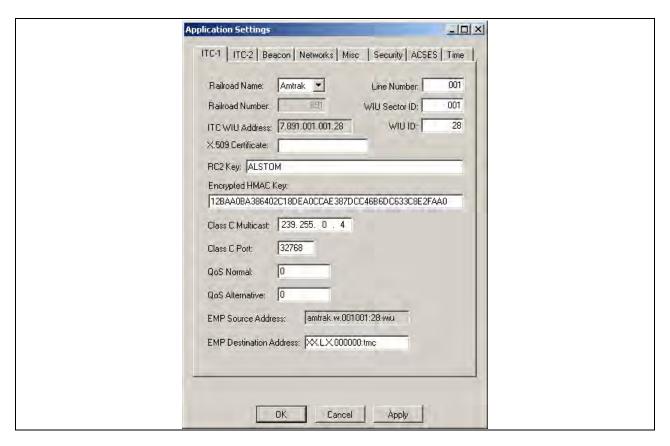


Figure 2-5. Example ITC Application Settings Dialog Window

For Signal states mapped to ITC messages, an Aspect Table must be defined. The Aspect Table is a railroad-unique data table that specifies the relationship between signal aspects and the 5-bit signal device code value in the Wayside Status Message. If ITC Signal states are limited to single input Stop/Go indications, only a simplified, two-entry Aspect Table is required to define the 5-bit Signal device code for the Stop and Go states. The responsibility for defining and developing the Aspect Table is the sole responsibility of the customer.

The Aspect Table(s) for each railroad application is customer-specific. This table is defined, developed, and provided by the railroad, unless the railroad has contracted otherwise.

The Aspect Table must be generated before any ITC signals can be added. The Aspect Table file is formatted in XML, and must be present in the AspectTables folder (found at C:\Program Files\Alstom\Alstom microWIU Application Development Tool V5\AspectTables) of the ADT program. It is the ultimate responsibility of the customer to validate all information for accuracy in this file.

When the ITC configuration items are updated and the wayside device definitions are complete, the Application programmer initiates the compile step. This step automatically generates the low-level Application data used by the executive software on the

microWIU to generate the Wayside Status Message representing the current states of location's devices (as detected by the Vital inputs) in a fail-safe manner.

The ADT compile function produces Application data files and compiler report files. The Application data files are then checked by a separate utility called the Application Data Verifier (ADV) that produces a diverse set of report files. A competent signal engineer then compares the report files to verify safety results are in agreement between the two reports before the Application may be used in service.

WARNING

Field testing of an Application is required before placing the location into revenue service. The customer's testing plan and safety plan define the testing requirements for the Application.

The Application programming file can then be transferred to a USB device that is inserted into the PC's USB port. The USB device should be labeled according to the user's configuration control requirements and inserted into the Application USB port of the appropriate microWIU.

When the microWIU is in normal operation, the Vital inputs (Switch Position, Generic Input, and Signal Inputs) are used to build an updated Vital Wayside Status Message occurring when beaconing, getting status, or when beacon is on. The current WSM is transmitted based on the configured timing of the unit combined with Beacon requests from ITC-equipped trains. The Vital output message is built using Alstom safety algorithms that ensure a valid HMAC on an output message that verifies all Vital inputs are in their corresponding states and all internal system safety checks are passed.

2.2.4 Dual Application Development

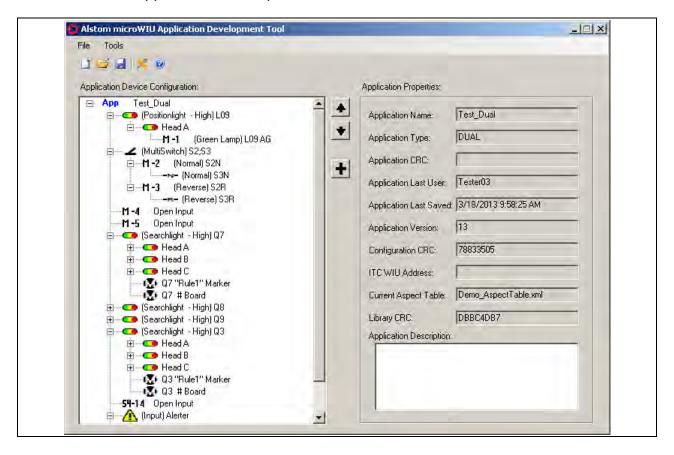


Figure 2-6. Example Dual Application Main Window

Creating a Dual application allows the use of both ITC and ACSES configurations within the same application.

2.2.5 Enable VSOE2 in this application

By selecting the *Enable VSOE2 in this application* checkbox in the New Application window, the application (via the microWIU) is able to communicate with up to six (i)VPIs.

Upon application creation with this protocol option enabled, sixteen master inputs are populated with M-1 to M-16 input designators. Additional inputs [V-17 to V-216] are virtual inputs.

Restrictions present by enabling this protocol option are:

- Communication is only between the VPI and the master unit
- No slaves are available
- The input limit capacity is 216
 - one master with 16 inputs
 - 200 virtual inputs
- Only one AC input is allowed for any application type

The IP address needs to be acquired for the location. This information is created by the ADT during application creation and is found in the VPI .NVS file.

Note: This selection checkbox is mutually exclusive of the Enable Extended CAN Bus checkbox.

2.2.6 Enable Extended CAN Bus

By selecting the *Enable Extended CAN Bus* checkbox in the New Application window, extended distances up to 1500 ft. are available between master and slave microWIU units.

Restrictions present by enabling this option are:

- An input limit of a maximum of 43 inputs available with this selection
 - one master with 16 inputs
 - one slave with 16 inputs
 - one slave with 11 inputs (second slave is optional)

Note: This selection checkbox is mutually exclusive of the Enable VSOE2 in this application checkbox.

2.3 APPLICATIONS

The ADT uses the concept of an "Application" as something the user creates for a microWIU. An Application includes the identified wayside objects to be monitored and the input(s) received for each object.

2.3.1 Using the ADT

Using the ADT involves six main steps:

- 1. Create an ADT Application, File | New Application....
- 2. Develop the objects and inputs for the microWIU by entering the "source" data for each (such as name and direction).
- 3. Compile the Application, *Tools | Compile*.
- 4. Verify the compilation, *Tools | Verify*.
- 5. Complete the Application Data Verification as per Section 6.
- 6. Program the USB device and install them on the microWIU, *Tools | USB Device Actions | Program USB Device*.

Subsequent sections in this User Manual describe the detailed steps for using the ADT.

2.4 SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

2.4.1 Computer and Operating System

Table 2–1. Computer and Operating System Requirements

| Hardware | Requirement |
|--------------|---|
| OS | Microsoft Windows XP SP3 or Windows 7 |
| RAM | 1.0 GB minimum |
| CPU | 1.5 GHz minimum Pentium or compatible |
| Hard Disk | 1.0 GB minimum |
| Input Device | Keyboard and mouse |
| Display | SVGA (800 x 600) minimum |
| Other | CD-ROM drive |
| Ethernet | Maintained as private and dedicated communications network exclusively for Signaling. |

WARNING

It is the railroad's responsibility to ensure remote access via a TCP/IP connection is secured and controlled by a password.

2.5 SECURITY

Security applies to the WIU Application data on the WIU unit. Use the ADT to configure security access and settings for each WIU security level (0, 1, and 2). The Security settings are assigned on the Application Configuration Security tab (see Table 4–2).

The password is set up during install. To change the password, the program must be uninstalled and reinstalled.

Three WIU security levels can be configured in the ADT:

- 1. **Level 0:** This level has read-only access. Some windows can be viewed and printed, but no changes can be made. The security level is 0 by default.
- Level 1: This level restricts access to certain configuration windows and user interface functions. Level 1 security requires the creation of a password (PIN) in the ADT which will be entered on the WIU to access restricted windows and change configuration data. Some windows can be viewed and printed, but no changes can be made to windows that have restricted access.
- Level 2: This level has unlimited access to configuration windows and user interface functions. However, Level 2 security requires the creation of two passwords (PINs) in the ADT which will be entered on the WIU to access and change some restricted windows. Only users with Level 2 High access (superuser access) can define security levels and passwords.

A password prompt appears when a microWIU user tries to access a window or function that has a security level assigned to it, and no access level is active. The access level is determined from a validated password. The WIU tracks the access level of the user who is currently logged in.

To clear the access level, the user must log out.

WARNING

It is the railroad's responsibility to establish and maintain the Security Levels through the ADT for microWIU window access. Restriction of unauthorized personnel to functions that can affect safety is imperative.

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SECTION 3 – GETTING STARTED

3.1 INTRODUCTION

This section describes how to install the ADT, how to start and exit the program, and how to set basic user preferences. It provides a top-level description of the ADT user interface.

CAUTION

Use of the Application Development Tool must be limited to only skilled and trained application designers (application engineers).

3.2 INSTALLING THE ADT

Follow the procedure in Table 3–1 to install the ADT program.

Note: The ADT supports multiple versions installed on the same computer.

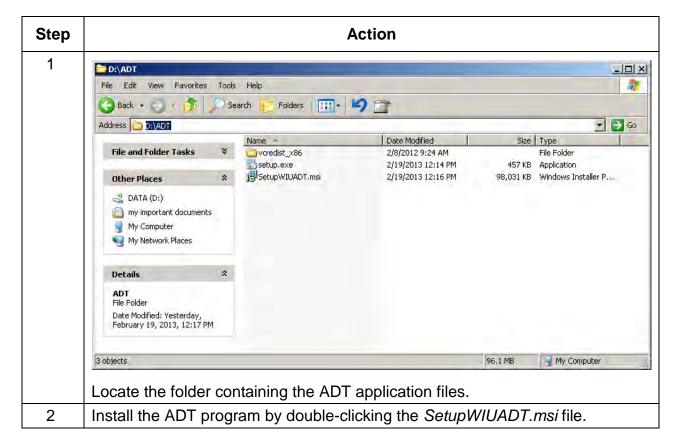


Table 3–1. Installing the ADT Program

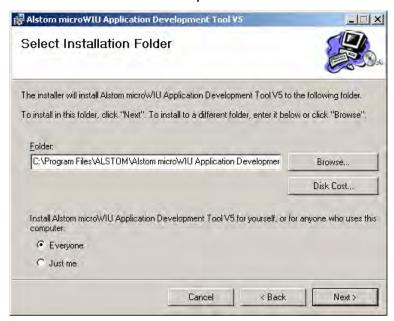
Table 3–1. Installing the ADT Program (Cont.)

The Alstom microWIU Application Development Tool Setup Wizard window opens.



Select Next>.

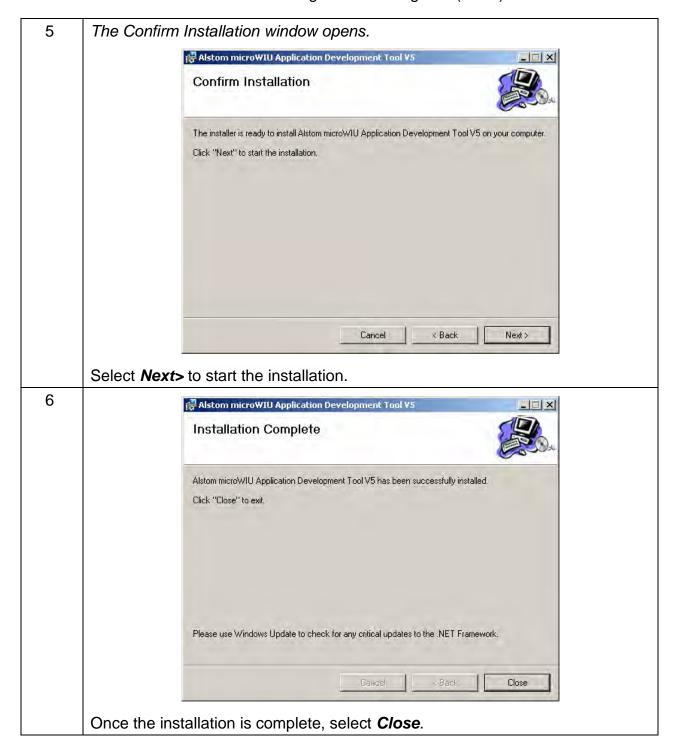
4 The Select Installation Folder window opens.



Select installation for *Everyone*.

Optional: Select installation for *Just Me* limits the use to only one user. Select *Next*>.

Table 3–1. Installing the ADT Program (Cont.)



3.3 STARTING AND EXITING THE ADT

To start and exit the ADT program, follow the procedure in Table 3–2.

Table 3–2. Starting and Exiting the ADT Program

| Step | Action | | | | |
|------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | To start the ADT, double-click the Alstom microWIU Application Development Tool icon on the desktop. | | | | |
| | Alstom microwIU Application Development Tool V5 | | | | |

Table 3–2. Starting and Exiting the ADT Program (Cont.)

Step Action 2 The Alstom microWIU Application Development Tool window opens. 🂆 Alstoni microWIU Application Devas microWIU Application ALSTOM **Development Tool** ADT Version: Release (ADT) CAA Version: Release ADV Version: Release This is a vital safety software program which can be used to develop a fail-safe WIU application. No user modification of this program or any of its input or output files is permitted since ANY CHANGE could compromise the safety performance of the system. The responsibility for the underlying safety of the data input belongs to the user. The user is responsible for verifying that the data input correctly describes the intended operation of the application in a fail-safe manner, and for testing the application in the intended environment before placing in revenue service. OK

WARNING

The splash screen reminds the user of the importance of preserving the input and output files from any modifications. Since this is a Vital software program, any change to the generated files has the potential to impact the safe performance of the system.

WARNING

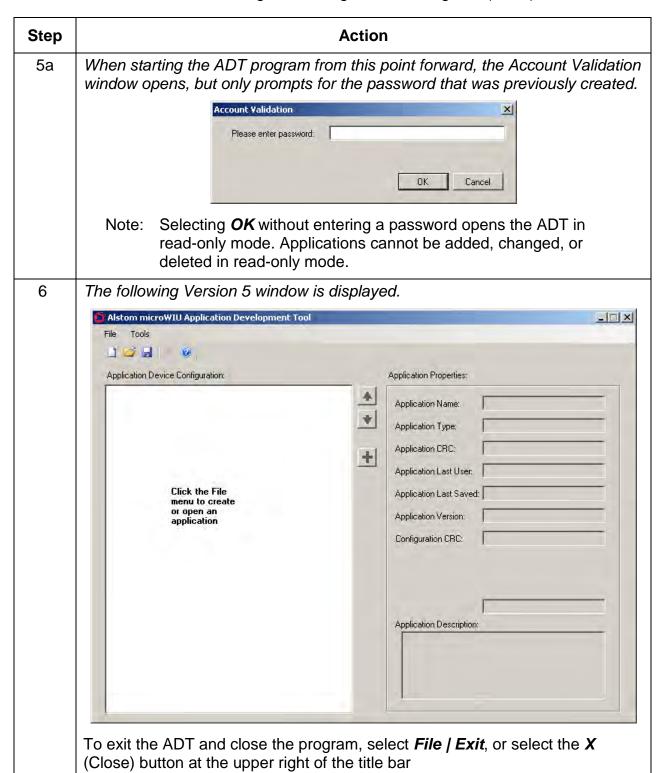
Users must be capable and qualified (e.g., experienced signal engineers) to properly verify the safety of the data and its application. It is the users' responsibility to verify the correctness of the MicroWIU input data in that it accurately represents the intended safe functionality of the system. Furthermore, "verify the correctness" means that (1) the user is required to compare the input and output data files to verify the ADT has operated correctly and (2) the user must test the application in its intended environment before it can be placed in revenue service.

Select OK.

Table 3–2. Starting and Exiting the ADT Program (Cont.)

| Step | Action | | | | |
|------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 3 | To start a different version of the tool, double-click the icon on the desktop. Alston MicroWIU Application Development Development | | | | |
| 4 | In Version 5 of the tool, multiple ADT instances, of different versions only, can be run at the same time. In this example, Version 4 is shown operating while Version 5 has been previously deployed. | | | | |
| | Alstom microWIU Application Development Tool | | | | |
| | MICROWIU Application Development Tool (ADT) ADT Version: Release 4.0 ADV Version: Release 4.0 This is a vital safety software program which can be used to develop a fail-safe WIU application. No user modification of this program or any of its input or output files is permitted since ANY CHANGE could compromise the safety performance of the system. The responsibility for the underlying safety of the data input belongs to the user. The user is responsible for verifying that the data input correctly describes the intended operation of the application in a fail-safe manner, and for testing the application in the intended environment before placing in revenue service. | | | | |
| 5 | If this is the first time the ADT program is started, the Account Password Creation window opens. Account Password Creation Please enter password: Please re-enter password: Enter new password value in both boxes! OK Cancel | | | | |
| | Note: The password can be 1–256 characters long and can contain any characters. The password cannot be changed from within the ADT. To change the password, ADT must be reinstalled. | | | | |
| | Note: This password is required for application creation and modifications. The privileges granted without entering this password are readonly. | | | | |
| | Enter a password. Re-enter the same password for verification. Select OK . | | | | |

Table 3–2. Starting and Exiting the ADT Program (Cont.)



3.4 USER INTERFACE ELEMENTS

The ADT Main window is shown in Figure 3-1. The numbered items are described in Table 3–3.

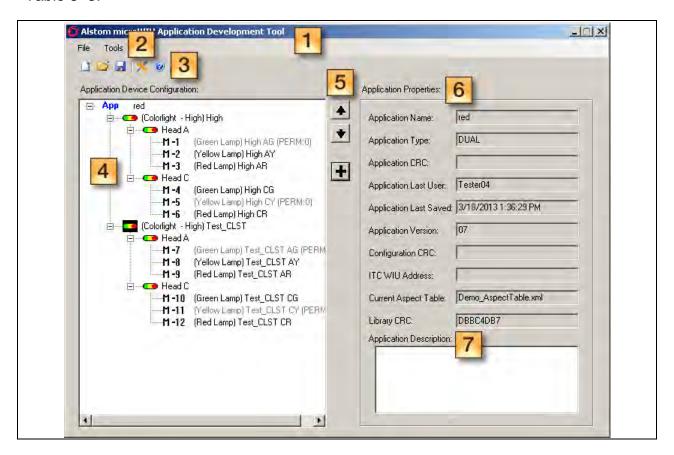


Figure 3-1. ADT Main Window User Interface

Table 3–3. ADT Main Window User Interface

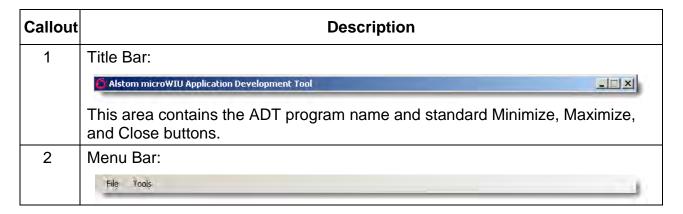


Table 3–3. ADT Main Window User Interface (Cont.)

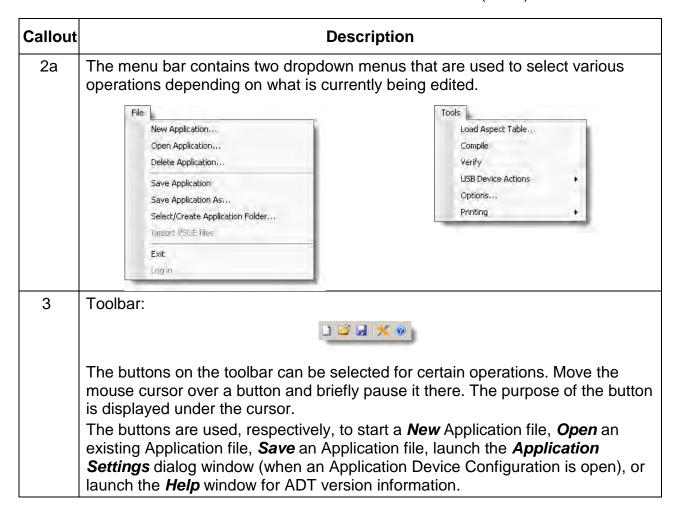


Table 3-3. ADT Main Window User Interface (Cont.)

Callout **Description** 4 Application Device Configuration Workspace: Application Device Configuration: (AC Input) power M-1 power (Colorlight - High) bunny ⊟ Head A (Green Lamp) bunny AG (PERM/C M-2 M-3 (Yellow Lamp) bunny AY (Red Lamp) bunny AR M-4 Head C M -5 (Green Lamp) bunny CG (Yellow Lamp) bunny CY (PERM/I M-6 M-7 (Red Lamp) bunny CR 🗐 🚥 (Acses ABS Signal) test_signal 🗓 🚥 (Acses CSS Signal) new M-10 Open Input (MultiSwitch) strawberry;pumpkin;lemon 🗐 🚥 (Acses INTS Signal) tuesday M-13 tuesday-GO M-14 Open Input ⊞..... (MultiSwitch) one;two (Colorlight - High) hg (Colorlight - High) hi 🗓 😎 (Colodight - High) hiji 😑 🚥 (Colorlight - High) iii ⊟ GHead A 52-3 (Green Lamp) iii AG (PERM:0) When the ADT is launched, this space is blank. When an Application is created or when an existing Application is opened, this area is populated with the objects and inputs configured as part of the Application. The Application is displayed in a tree format with nodes that can be expanded and collapsed. Quick Access Button Bar: 5 Click the up arrow button to move the device up one position in the list. Click the down arrow to move the device down one position in the list. Click the plus sign (+) to add a new device (Device, AC Power Input, or Open Input) The up and down arrow buttons are only available when a device is selected in the Application Device Configuration Workspace.

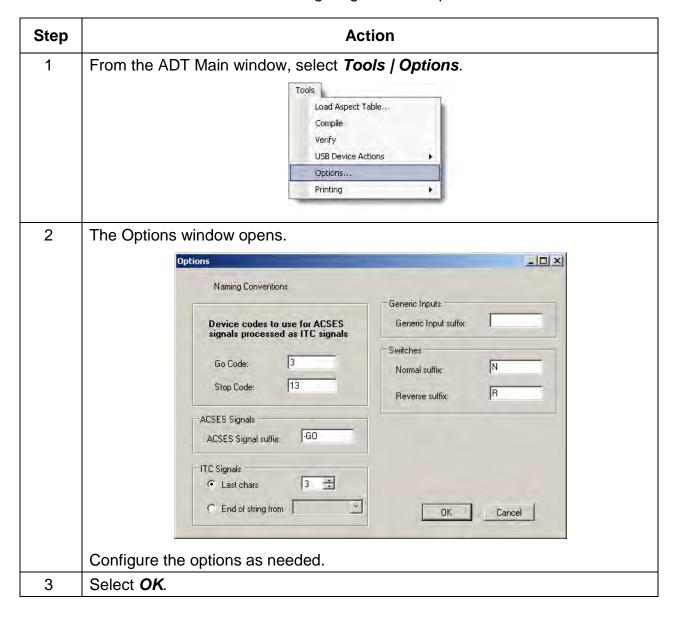
Table 3-3. ADT Main Window User Interface (Cont.)

| Callout | Description | | | | |
|---------|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 6 | Application Properties Workspace: | | | | |
| | Application Properties: | | | | |
| | Application Name: | red | | | |
| | Application Type: | DUAL | | | |
| | Application CRC: | | | | |
| | Application Last User: | Tester04 | | | |
| | Application Last Saved: | 3/18/2013 1:36:29 PM | | | |
| | Application Version: | [07 | | | |
| | Configuration CRC: | T . | | | |
| | ITC WIU Address: | I. | | | |
| 7 | Current Aspect Table: | Demo_AspectTable.xml | | | |
| | Library CRC: | DBBC4DB7 | | | |
| | are populated with the data as config | cation is opened, some of the properties jured by the user and some are populated ot populated or valid until an Application is | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Application Description: | | | | |
| | • | on in the Application Description dialog normally used for documenting Application of the Application. | | | |

3.5 CONFIGURING THE ADT OPTIONS

Use the Options function to establish naming convention standards when devices are added to an Application. See Table 3–4.

Table 3-4. Configuring the ADT Options



SECTION 4 – ADT APPLICATIONS

4.1 INTRODUCTION

This section describes how to create ADT Applications to organize and manage Application data.

WARNING

It is the responsibility of the railroad to ensure personnel are thoroughly trained and sufficiently knowledgeable regarding safety requirements and precautions affecting the microWIU system performance.

WARNING

It is the responsibility of the railroad to ensure formal application engineering training to explain proper selection and use of VSOE2, including, but not limited to, message configuration.

4.2 APPLICATIONS AND THEIR LOCATIONS

An Application is a collection of the data for a microWIU, and is the top-level item handled by the ADT. Applications are saved in individual folders under an "Apps" folder that is created (by the program) under the user-selected installation folder for the tool.

For example, Application "MyApp" is stored in a folder named "MyApp" under the Apps folder and is stored in two XML files:

- Application data: the Application data file name contains the Application name appended with "AppConfig" (for example, MyApp AppConfig.xml)
- Device data: the device data file name contains the Application name (for example, MyApp.xml)

Compiled data is created in a subfolder named "Output" (for example, find the compiled files for "MyApp" (wiu_cfg.xml and dvc_cfg.xml, ADS_A.hex or ADS_A.hex.rpt) in ".../Apps/MyApp/Output"). These compiled files can be programmed on a USB device (memory stick, flash drive) using the ADT and used as input to a microWIU unit. The user can delete an Application using the ADT or manually delete the Application's folder.

Three types of external input devices and their input configurations are identified during Application creation:

- 1. Signals
- 2. Switches (normal and reverse)
- 3. Generic Inputs (such as hazard detection/alerts)

Note: For an ITC application, a maximum of 112 inputs can be added to an Application. If more than 112 inputs (one master and six slaves with sixteen inputs each) are attempted, an error message appears.

Note: If extended CAN Bus is enabled, the maximum number of inputs is limited to 43 (one master [M-1 to M-16] with sixteen inputs and two slaves consisting of 11 and 16 inputs.

Note: If VSOE2 is enabled, inputs one to sixteen are associated with the master [M-1 to M-16], while inputs 17 to 216 [V-17 to V-216] are associated with the VSOE2.

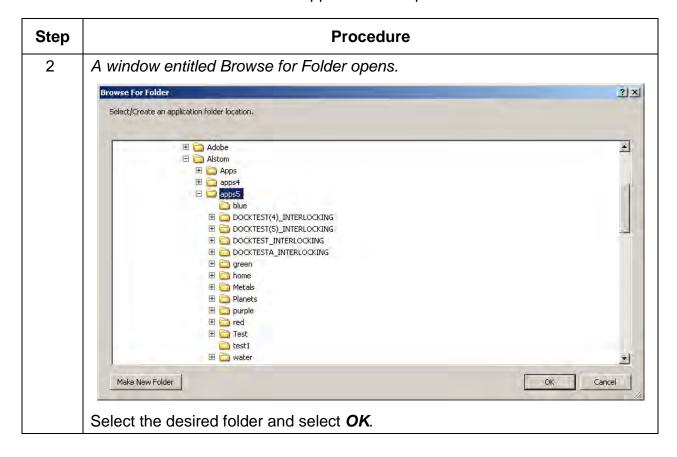
4.3 APPLICATION SETUP

In order to create and maintain applications, an initial setup is required in order to identify the folder location for all application's file storage. If the location has been intentionally changed, repeat this procedure for the new location of the application files.

Step **Procedure** 1 Alstom microWIU Application Development Tool _ | X File Tools New Application... Open Application... Application Properties: Delete Application... Application Name: Save Application * Save Application As., Application Type: Select/Create Application Folder... Application CRC: Import VSOE files + Application Last User: Exit Log in... Application Last Saved: or open an Application Version: application From the ADT Main window, select File | Select/Create Application Folder...

Table 4–1. Initial Application Setup Procedure

Table 4-1. Initial Application Setup Procedure



4.4 APPLICATION CREATION

4.4.1 General Application Creation

To create a new general Application, follow the steps in Table 4–2.

Table 4–2. Creating a General Application Procedure

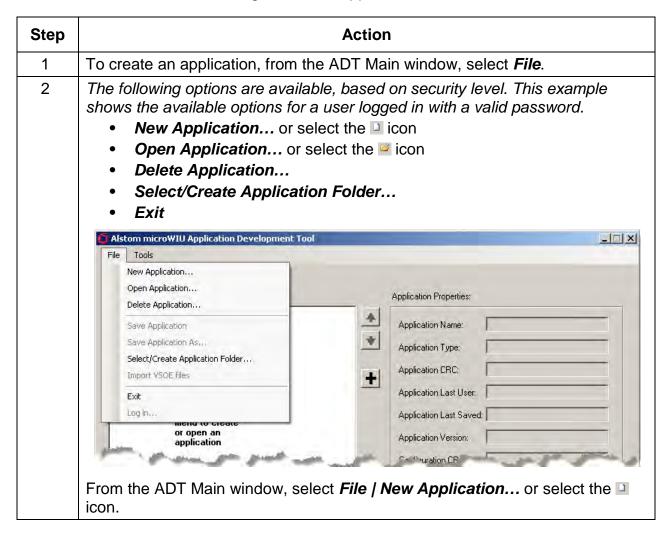


Table 4–2. Creating a General Application Procedure (Cont.)

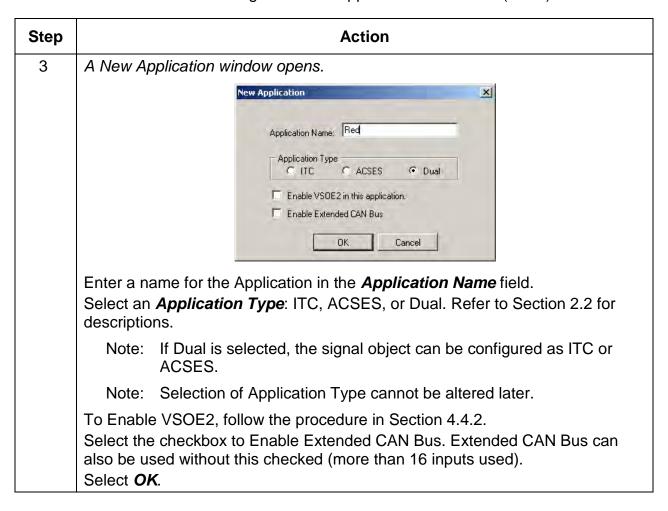


Table 4-2. Creating a General Application Procedure (Cont.)

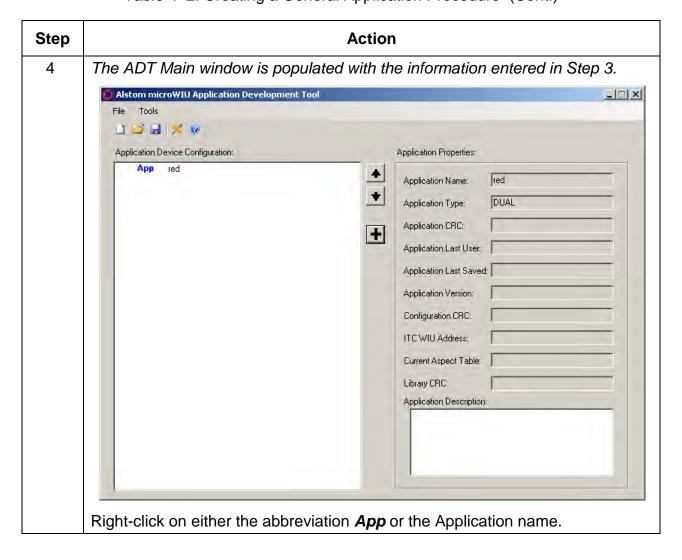


Table 4–2. Creating a General Application Procedure (Cont.)

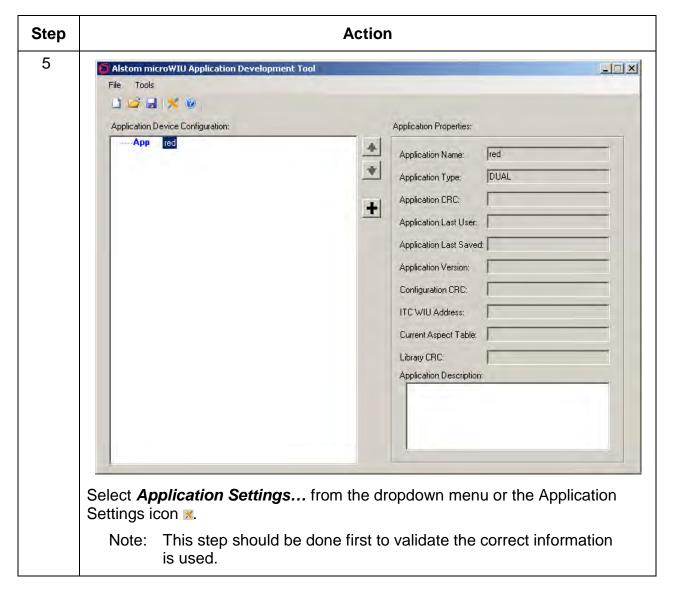
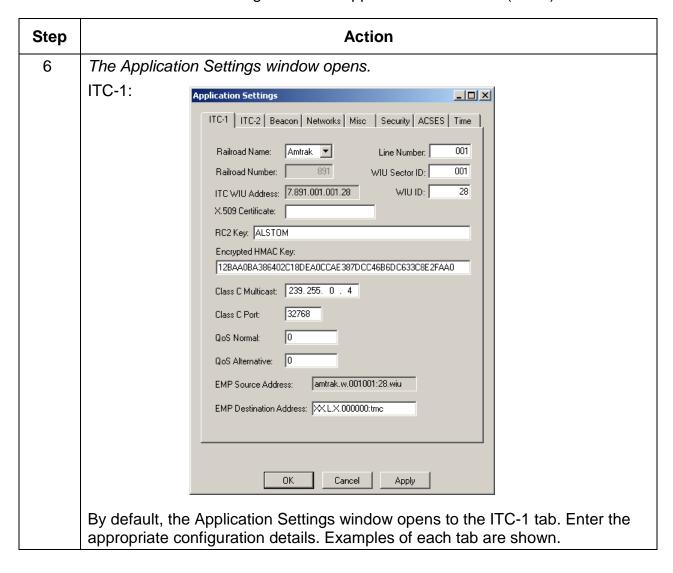


Table 4–2. Creating a General Application Procedure (Cont.)



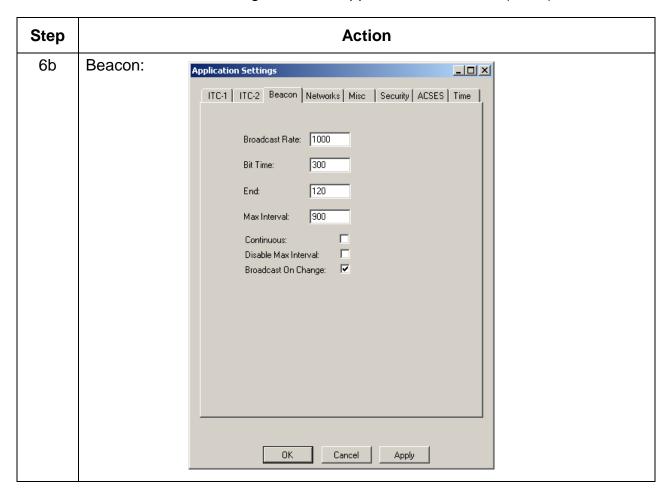
Step **Action** ITC-2: 6a Application Settings _UX ITC-1 ITC-2 Beacon Networks Misc | Security ACSES Time Class D Gateway 192.168. 2 . 1 3001 Port: ITC 1 Address: ITC 2 Address: 0.0.0.0 Port: 3001 Class D Common Configuration Settings 30000 Keep-Alive Interval: Data Ack: 🔽 Log Traffic: 🗔 15000 Keep-Alive Ack Timeout: TLS Enable: 🗀 Data Ack Timeout: 15000 3 Nak Retries: 60 Retransmit Delay: 30000 Connect Timeout: Connect Delay: 60000 1 Connect Retries: Reconnect Retries: ITC Test = Data Message Count: 0 Enable Test Link: 🗆 Starting Commld: 1 Data Message Delay: 0 ITC WIU Address: 7.891.001.001.28

Cancel

Apply

Table 4–2. Creating a General Application Procedure (Cont.)

Table 4–2. Creating a General Application Procedure (Cont.)



Step **Action** Networks: Application Settings _ | U X 6c ITC-1 | ITC-2 | Beacon | Networks | Misc | Security | ACSES | Time | Network Configuration Networks upper number Network: 2 ▼ DHCP □ ITC 1: 2 ₹ . is primary 192 . 168 . 2 . 2 ITC 2: 3 Address: 255 . 255 . 255 . 0 ACSES Network Netmask: ACSES 1: 2 0.0.0.0 Gateway: Wins Name: ACSES 2: 3 Unit Top Master/Slave or WIU Host Unit Front (Network 1) ITC/ACSES (Network 2) ITC/ACSES (Network 3) (Network 4) 192,168,10,1 OK Cancel Apply Under *Network Configuration*, select the desired network.

For an ITC application, under *Networks*, assign ITC-1 and ITC-2 to either

For an ACSES application, under Networks, assign ACSES-1 and ACSES-2 to

Network 2 or Network 3. ITC-1 will always be primary.

either Network 2 or Network 3. ACSES-1 will always be primary.

Table 4–2. Creating a General Application Procedure (Cont.)

Table 4–2. Creating a General Application Procedure (Cont.)

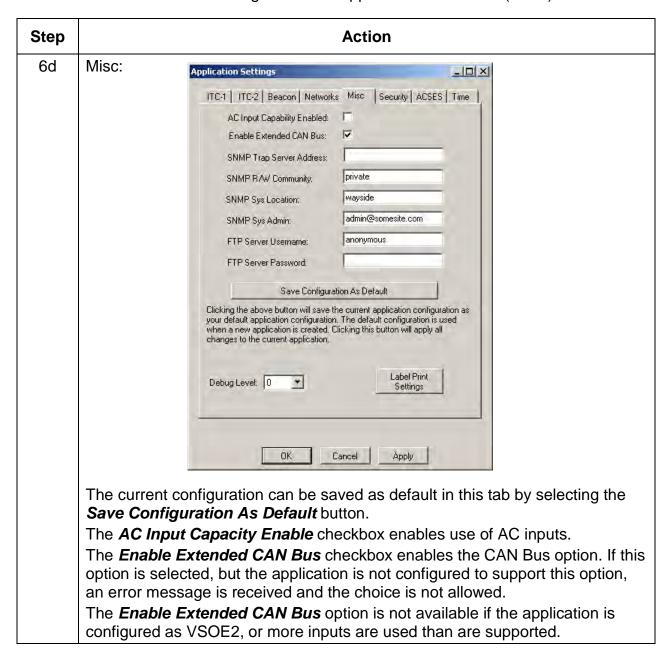


Table 4–2. Creating a General Application Procedure (Cont.)

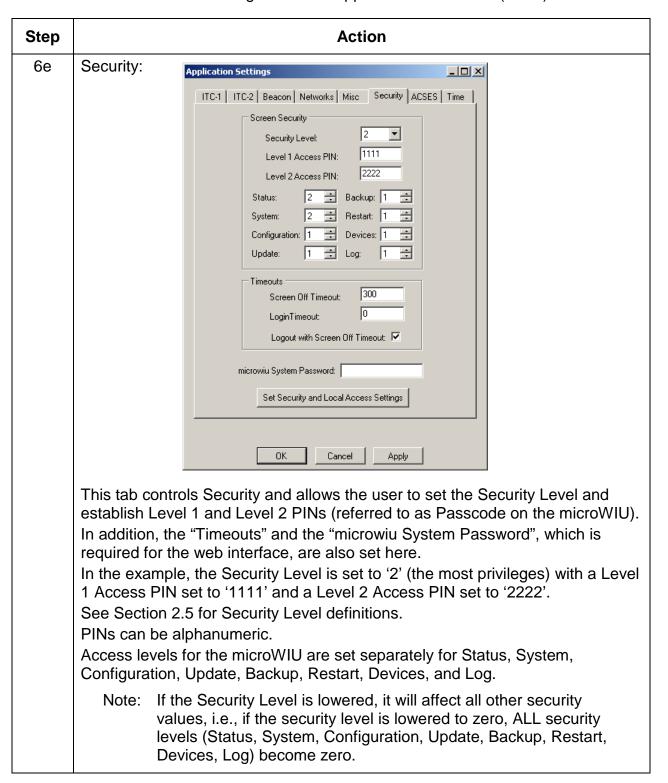


Table 4–2. Creating a General Application Procedure (Cont.)

Step Action **WARNING** It is the railroad's responsibility to establish and maintain the Security Levels through the ADT for microWIU window access. Restriction of unauthorized personnel to functions that can affect safety is imperative. Security | 6f Parameter Security and Local Access Settings X Set Security Parameter Group Parameter Settings and Local Beacon Parameter Level Local Access Network_Config Settings: User_Config WIU_Host_Config Misc Screens Security Time ITC_Config ITC_Config_Common ACSES_WIU_ID_Assignments Select a group in the left hand Factory ACSES_Config pane to populate this grid with the corresponding values ExtraData ACSES_Config_Common VSOE_Config Cancel Various access levels are set in this window. Select the desired Parameter Group on the left and verify/change the access for the individual Parameter Settings on the right.

Table 4–2. Creating a General Application Procedure (Cont.)

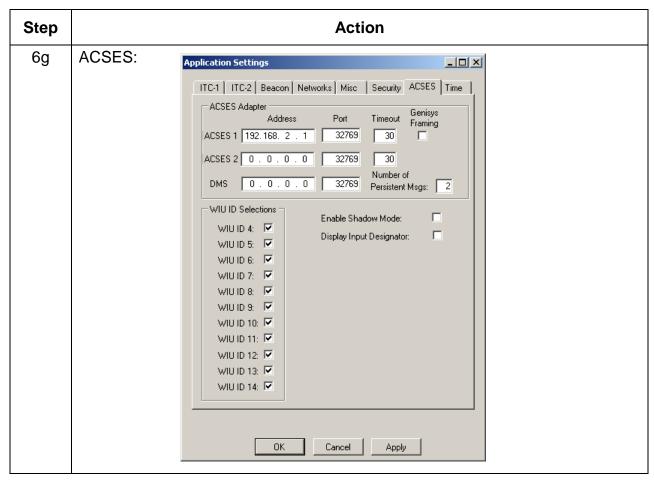


Table 4–2. Creating a General Application Procedure (Cont.)

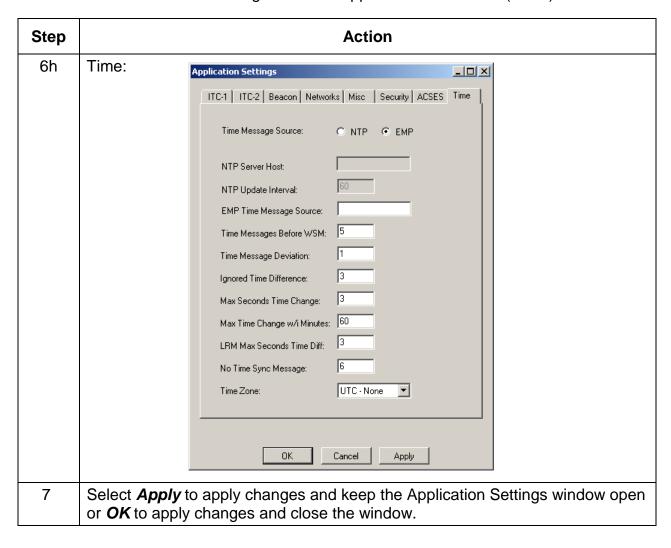


Table 4–2. Creating a General Application Procedure (Cont.)

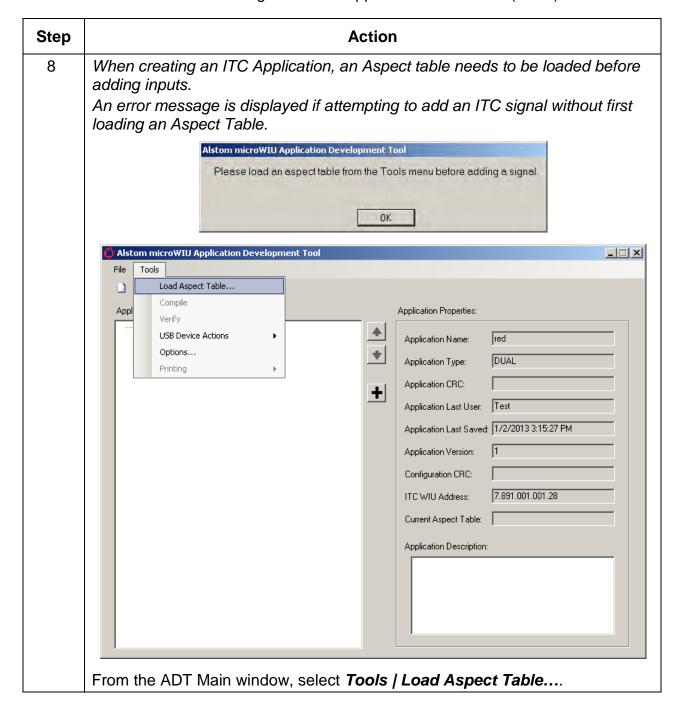


Table 4–2. Creating a General Application Procedure (Cont.)

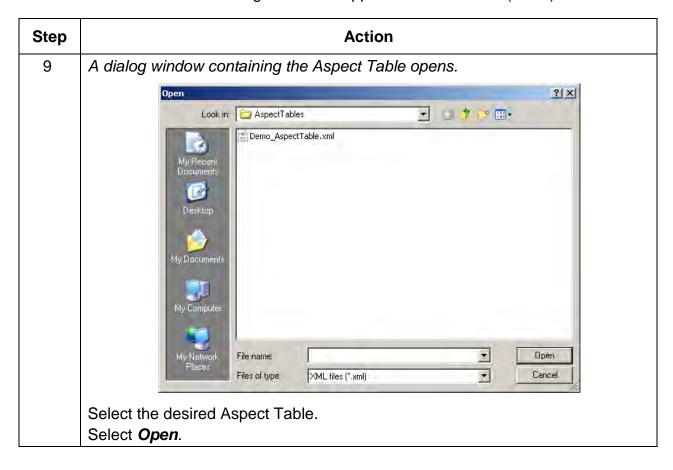
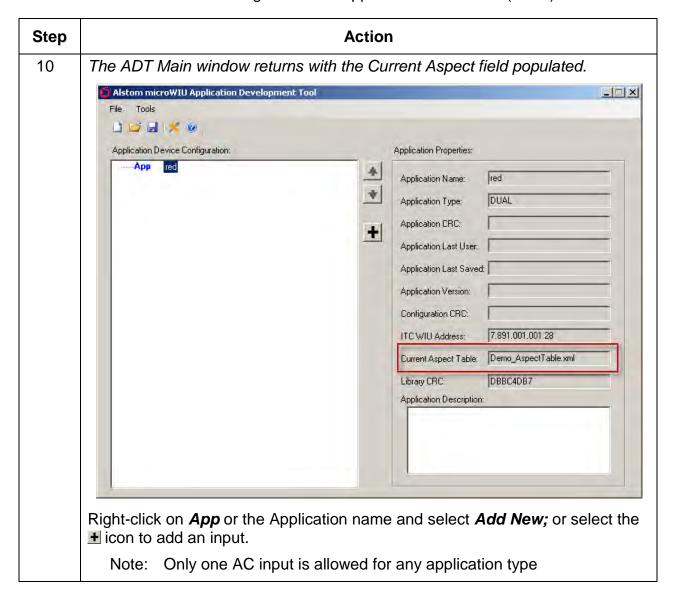


Table 4–2. Creating a General Application Procedure (Cont.)



4.4.2 VSOE2 Application Creation

For each existing CAAPE application, an initial setup of the (i)VPI files/folders is necessary before creating the ADT application. Follow the procedure in Table 4–3 for this setup.

Table 4-3. VSOE2 Initial Setup

| Step | Procedure | | | | | |
|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | Create a directory structure for each VSOE2 application by creating a root directory folder named for this ADT configuration. | | | | | |
| 1a | This example creates a folder named Five VPIs at C:\Program Files\Alstom\Alstom microWIU Application Development Tool V5\. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 2 | Within the folder just created, create five folders labeled exactly V1, V2, V3, V4, and V5. The V folders need to: ■ Start with V1 | | | | | |
| | Be sequential Be labeled with a capital V □ V1 □ V2 □ V3 □ V4 □ V5 | | | | | |
| 3 | For each folder, the ADT needs only three files from each VPI application. The extension for these files are: .CW .VSL .NVS Copy these three files (Step 3a contains examples) for each application into | | | | | |
| | Copy these three files (Step 3a contains examples) for each application into the corresponding V folder. | | | | | |

Table 4-3. VSOE2 Initial Setup (Cont.)

| Step | Procedure | | | | |
|--------|---|-------------|------------------------|--------------------|--|
| 3a | লি nwin-lat-R'Yn2 | 312 KB | AU5 FIIE | 1/28/2013 10:43 AM | |
| | □ uWIU-iVPI-BCP.VCC | 1 KB | VCC File | 1/28/2013 10:43 AM | |
| | ■ uWIU-iVPI-BCP.NVS | 1 KB | NVS File | 1/28/2013 10:43 AM | |
| | 🔟 uWIU-iVPI-B.VTL | 4 KB | VTL File | 1/28/2013 10:43 AM | |
| | ıWIU-i∀PI-B.∀TI | 3 KB | VTI File | 1/28/2013 10:43 AM | |
| | 🔛 uWIU-iVPI-B.VSL | 3 KB | Microsoft Office Visi | 1/28/2013 10:43 AM | |
| | 🔟 uWIU-iVPI-B.VPC | 1 KB | VPC File | 1/28/2013 10:43 AM | |
| | ₪ uWIU-iVPI-B.PRM | 2 KB | PRM File | 1/28/2013 10:43 AM | |
| | @@TempVntExport.tmp | 1 KB | TMP File | 1/28/2013 10:43 AM | |
| | @@TempMMSExport.tmp | 1 KB | TMP File | 1/28/2013 10:43 AM | |
| | @@TempHdwExport.tmp | | TMP File | 1/28/2013 10:43 AM | |
| | @@TempCWExport.tmp | 1 KB | TMP File | 1/28/2013 10:43 AM | |
| | □ uWIU-iVPI-B.VNT | | VNT File | 1/28/2013 10:43 AM | |
| | ™ uWIU-iVPI-B.NMM | | | | |
| | | 1 KB | NMM File | 1/28/2013 10:43 AM | |
| | ₫ uWIU-iVPI-B.HDW | 1 KB | HDW File | 1/28/2013 10:43 AM | |
| | owiu-ivpi-B.CW | | CW File | 1/28/2013 10:43 AM | |
| | ComponentRegistry.dat | | DAT File | 1/4/2013 10:32 AM | |
| | vsoe-msgs.mgg | 8 KB | VPI/CSEX Document | 1/4/2013 9:56 AM | |
| | ∠ iVpiHdw.HDG | 4 KB | Vpi Hardware Docu | 1/4/2013 9:56 AM | |
| | ು www.i∨PI#6CP.dat | 1 KB | DAT File | 1/4/2013 9:56 AM | |
| | 🗐 uWIU-iVPI#6 TEXT.txt | 103 KB | Text Document | 1/4/2013 9:56 AM | |
| | Folders | | × Name A | | |
| | | 🗀 V1 | ▼ VPI-UUT.C | | |
| | | | T WPI-UUT.VS | | |
| | | | □ VPI-UUTCP | '.NVS | |
| | | ₩ V4 | | | |
| | | ₩ V5 | | | |
| | | <u> </u> | | | |
| | Folders | | × Name ▲ | | |
| | · | <u></u> | uWIU-iVPI-A | .CW | |
| | | <u></u> ∨1 | uWIU-iVPI-A | | |
| | | 🗀 V2 | □ uWIU-iVPI-A | | |
| | | 🛅 V3 | G GAA10-IALI-W | CF.11075 | |
| | | 🛅 V4 | | | |
| | | 🛅 V5 | | | |
| | Folders | | × Name A | | |
| | | □ V1 | uWIU-iVPI-B. | | |
| | | ₩ V2 | 🚽 👺 uWIU-iVPI-B. | .VSL | |
| | | | ■ uWIU-iVPI-B | CP.NVS | |
| | | <u></u> ∨3 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | 🛅 V5 | | | |
| | Ealday- | | × Name A | | |
| | Folders | | VPI-Blue,C | w | |
| | | 🗀 V1 | WPI-Blue.V | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | <u></u> ∨3 | ™ VPI-BlueCF | P.NVS | |
| | | | | | |
| | | ₩ V5 | | | |
| | - 11 | | / Name - | | |
| | Folders | > D1 | UDI Com USOI | E.CW | |
| | | | ₩ VPI-Gray-VSOI | | |
| | | | □ VPI-Gray-VSOI | | |
| | | | <u>™</u> vP1-Gray-VSOI | ECH/MA2 | |
| | | | | | |
| | | <u>~</u> √5 | = | | |
| | | | | | |
| 4 Cont | Continue to Table 4–4 to create an ADT application. | | | | |

Table 4–4. Creating an Application with VSOE2 Enabled

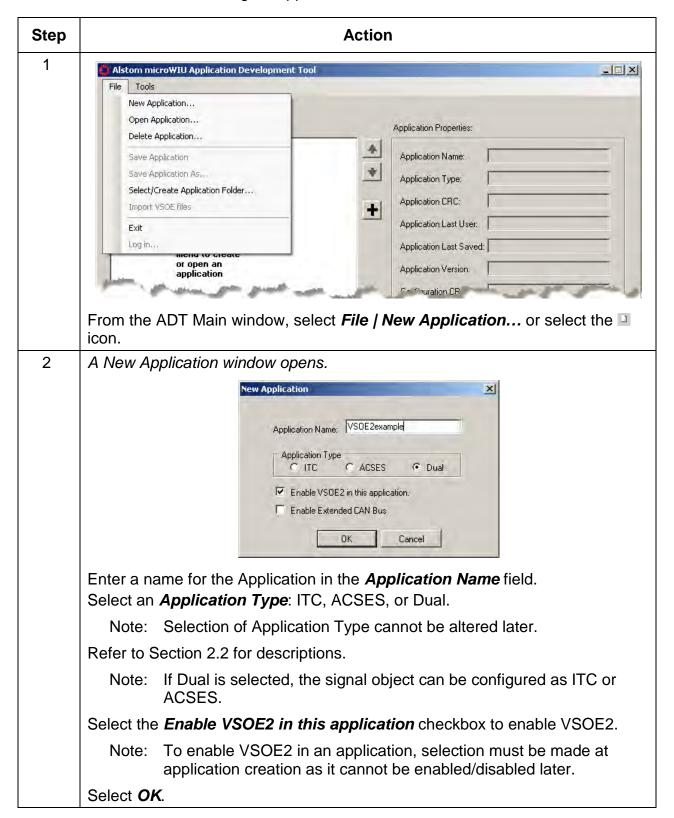


Table 4–4. Creating an Application with VSOE2 Enabled (Cont.)

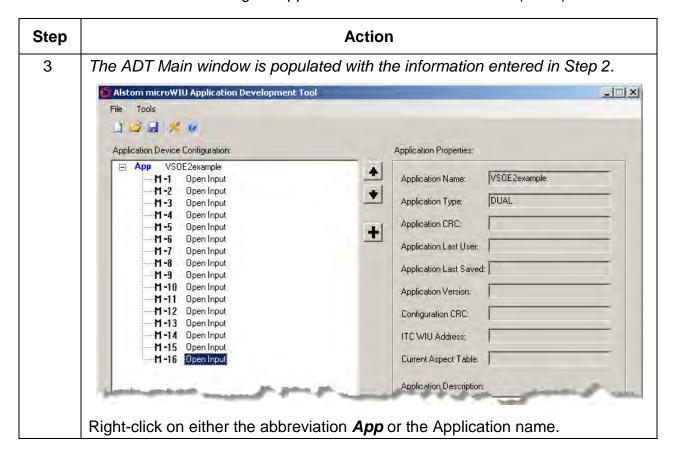
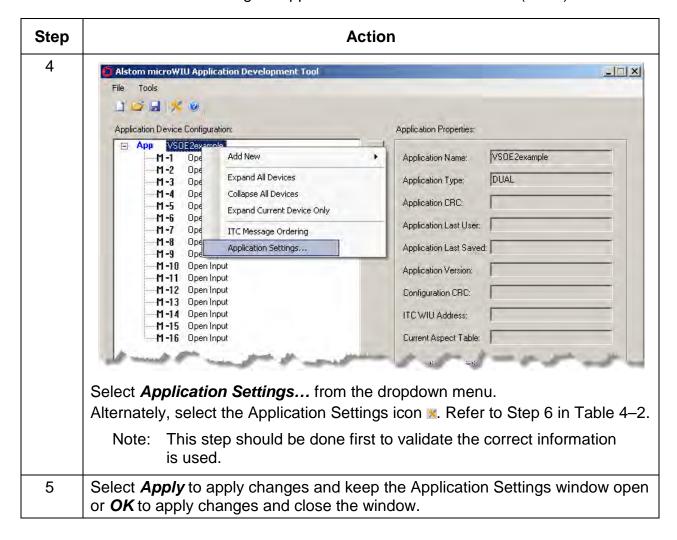


Table 4–4. Creating an Application with VSOE2 Enabled (Cont.)



Step **Action** 6 _ X Alstom microWIU Application Development Tool File Tools New Application... Open Application... Application Properties: Delete Application... Application Name: VS0E2example Save Application * Save Application As... DUAL Application Type: Select/Create Application Folder... Application CRC: Import VSOE files Application Last User: Exit Log in... Application Last Saved: M-10 Open Input Application Version: M-11 Open Input M-12 Open Input Configuration CRC From the Application Main Window, select File | Import VSOE2 files. Failing to first import the VSOE2 files results in an error Note: message. Alstom microWIU Application Development Tool Please importivoe inputs using the File menu before adding a signal.

OK

Table 4–4. Creating an Application with VSOE2 Enabled (Cont.)

Table 4–4. Creating an Application with VSOE2 Enabled (Cont.)

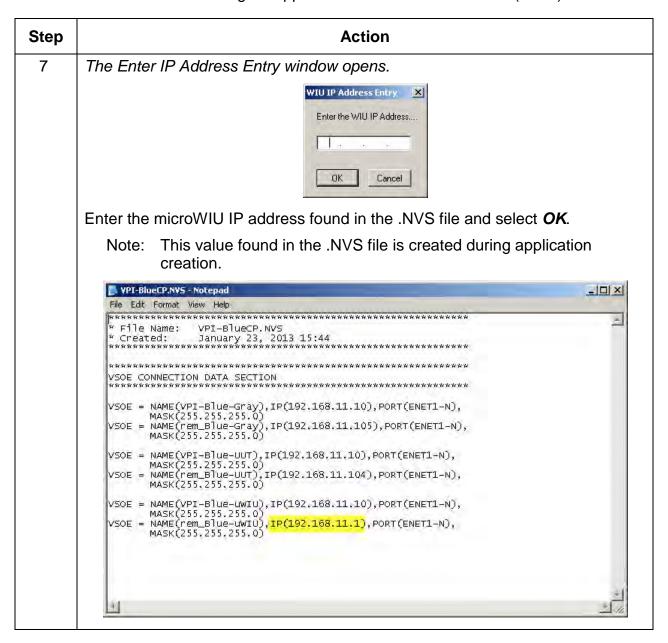


Table 4-4. Creating an Application with VSOE2 Enabled (Cont.)

| Step | Action | |
|------|--|--|
| 8 | A window entitled Browse for Folder opens. | |
| | Select folder to import VSOE files Alstom microWIU Application Development Tool Vs AspectTables LabelTemplates New Folder SignalTemplates VSOE2 | |
| | The location of these files pertinent to this application was created in Table 4–3 Navigate to this root level folder. Select the folder and select <i>OK</i> . | |
| 9 | A message window states a successful import. Alstom microWIU Application Development Tool VSOE Inputs successfully imported. OK | |
| | Select OK . | |
| 10 | From the ADT Main Window, right-click on <i>App</i> or the Application name and select <i>Add New VSOE Devices;</i> or select the ± icon to add a VSOE device. | |
| | Note: If an ITC signal is added, an Aspect Table must be loaded first [Tools Load Aspect Table]. | |
| 11 | Select the desired VSOE device, give it a unique name, and select OK . | |

Table 4–4. Creating an Application with VSOE2 Enabled (Cont.)

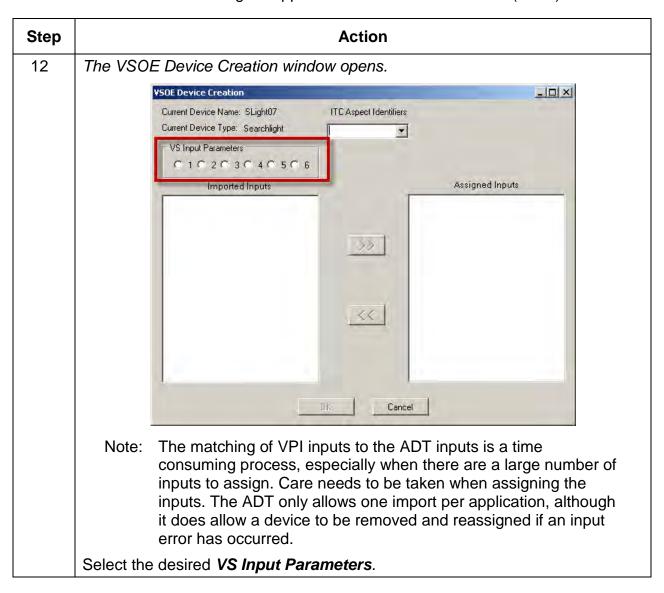
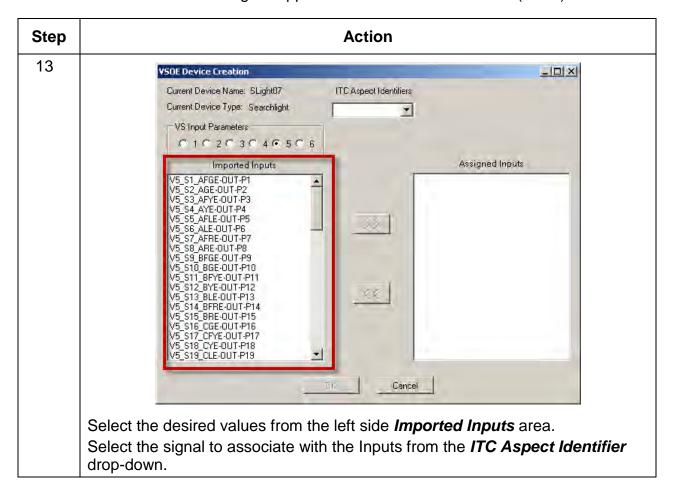


Table 4–4. Creating an Application with VSOE2 Enabled (Cont.)



Step **Action** 13a VSOE Device Creation _ | D | X | Current Device Name: High03 ITC Aspect Identifiers Current Device Type: Searchlight ARPR ▼ Red Repeater VS Input Parameters 0102030405 Assigned Inputs Imported Inputs V5_S11_High03 CFER V5_S18_High03 AHGR V5_S1_AFGE-0UT-P1 V5_S2_AGE-OUT-P2 V5_S3_AFYE-OUT-P3 V5_S3_AFTE-0UT-P4 V5_S5_AFLE-0UT-P5 V5_S7_AFRE-0UT-P7 V5_S8_ARE-0UT-P8 V5_S9_BFGE-OUT-P9 V5_S10_BGE-0UT-P10 V5_S12_BYE-0UT-P12 V5_S13_BLE-0UT-P13 V5_S14_BFRE-OUT-P14 V5_S14_BFHE-UU1-P14 V5_S15_BRE-UUT-P15 V5_S16_CGE-UUT-P16 V5_S17_CPYE-UUT-P17 V5_S19_CLE-UUT-P19 V5_S20_CFRE-UUT-P20 V5_S21_CRE-UUT-P21 V5_S22_AFGE-UUT-P22

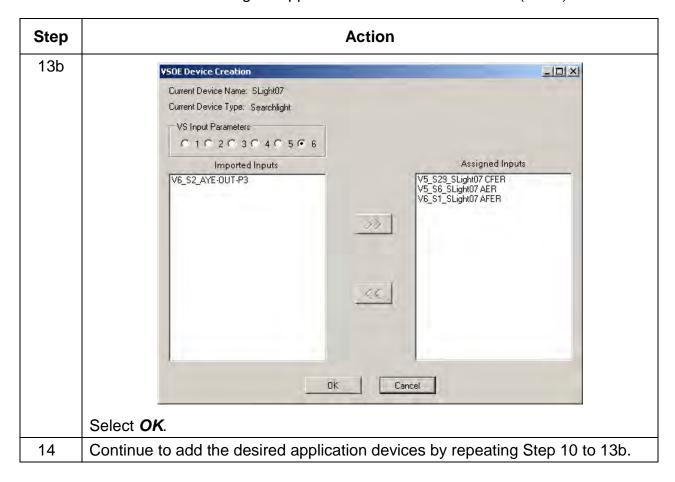
Cancel

Use the icon to make the assignment to the right side **Assigned Inputs**

area. Likewise, the <u>section</u> icon removes highlighted assigned inputs.

Table 4–4. Creating an Application with VSOE2 Enabled (Cont.)

Table 4–4. Creating an Application with VSOE2 Enabled (Cont.)



4.5 ADDING SIGNALS

ITC Signals (and inputs) and ACSES Signals (and inputs) are identified separately. If the Dual Application type is selected, the signal object can be configured as either ITC or ACSES.

For information about ITC signals, see Section 4.5.1.

For information about ACSES signals, see Section 4.5.2.

4.5.1 ITC Signals

If ITC signals are defined, a valid Aspect table, developed by a competent signal engineer, must first be opened. The Aspect table defines the signal aspect device codes used in the ITC Wayside Status message for each possible aspect displayed by a signal. ITC signal objects can be configured starting from a default configuration or from a template (if any signal templates are defined).

4.5.1.1 ITC Signal Context Menus

The ADT provides context menus for ITC signal types when certain levels of the Application tree in the Application Device Configuration Workspace are right-clicked. An ITC signal Application provides context menus at the Application, Signal, Head, and Lamp levels. See Figure 4-1 for more information.

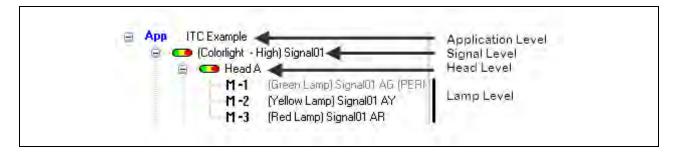


Figure 4-1. ITC Signal Context Levels



Figure 4-2. ITC Signal Application Level Context Menu (Right-Click)

Table 4–5. ITC Signal Application Level Context Menu Descriptions

| Menu Option | Description | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| Add New | Select this option to add a device (signal, switch, or generic input), AC Power Input or Open Input. | |
| Expand All Devices | Select this option to open all devices in the Application tree. | |
| Collapse All Devices | Select this option to close all devices in the Application tree. | |
| Expand Current Device Only | Select this option to open only the selected device in the Application tree. | |
| ITC Message Ordering | Select this option to change the order of ITC messages. | |
| | Highlight the ITC Message that needs to be moved and use the UP and DOWN arrows on the upper right of the screen to change the order. | |
| Application Settings | Select this option to open the Application Settings tabs (c.f. Table 4–2, Step 6. | |



Figure 4-3. ITC Signal Level Context Menu (Right-Click)

Table 4-6. ITC Signal Level Context Menu Descriptions

| Menu Option | Description |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Save As Default | Select this option to save all current settings as the default settings. |
| Export As Template | Select this option to export current configuration to a template file. |
| Delete and Compress | Select this option to delete the signal and all inputs connected to it. |
| Expand All Devices | Select this option to open all nodes within the device. |
| Collapse All Devices | Select this option to close all nodes within the device. |
| Expand Current Device Only | Select this option to expand all nodes within the selected device. |
| Insert Device at Current Location | Select this option to insert a device at the highlighted location. |
| Properties | Select this option to open the Signal Properties dialog window. |
| | Signal name, direction Head Enabling, Associated Aspects, Markers, and Positions can be modified. |

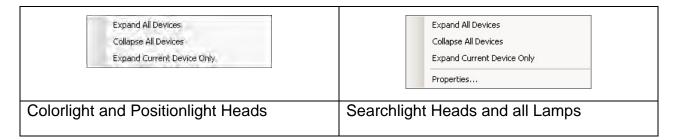


Figure 4-4. ITC Head/Lamp Level Context Menu (Right-Click)

Table 4-7. ITC Head/Lamp Level Context Menu Descriptions

| Menu Option | Description |
|----------------------------|--|
| Expand All Devices | Select this option to open all nodes within the device. |
| Collapse All Devices | Select this option to close all nodes within the device. |
| Expand Current Device Only | Select this option to expand all nodes within the selected device. |
| Properties | Select this option to open the Signal Properties dialog window. |
| | Lamp name can be changed, as well as deactivating the Lamp. |
| | This option is not available for Colorlight and Positionlight Heads. |

4.5.1.2 Adding an ITC Signal

Table 4–8 shows how to add a default ITC signal. To add an ITC signal from a signal template, see Section 4.5.1.3.

Table 4-8. Adding and Configuring an ITC Signal

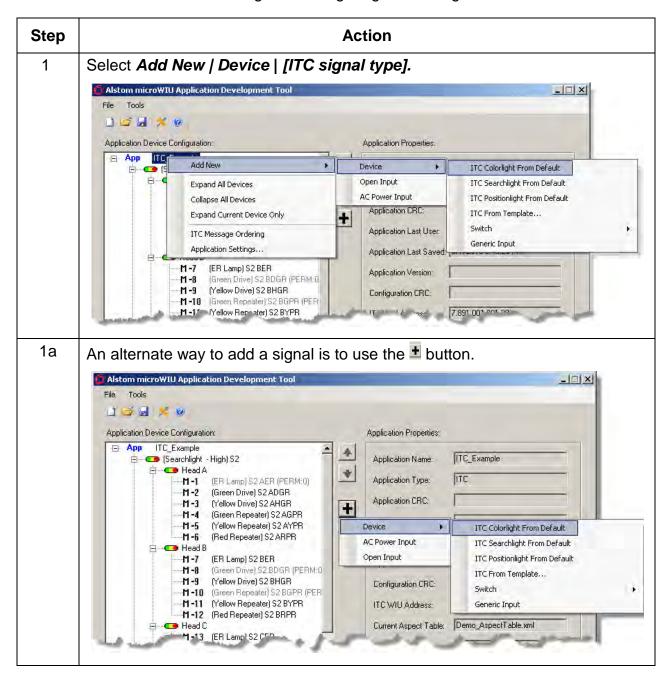


Table 4-8. Adding and Configuring an ITC Signal (Cont.)

| Step | Action | | |
|------|--|--|--|
| 2 | A window opens to name the added device. | | |
| | New Colorlight Signal | | |
| | Enter colorlight signal name OK | | |
| | Cancel | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | Enter a unique signal name. | | |
| | Select OK . | | |
| 2a | A message window opens if the device name is not unique. | | |
| | Duplicate Device Name | | |
| | Device names must be unique. Please enter another name! | | |
| | | | |
| | OK. | | |
| | Select OK and repeat previous step to enter a unique device name. | | |

Table 4–8. Adding and Configuring an ITC Signal (Cont.)

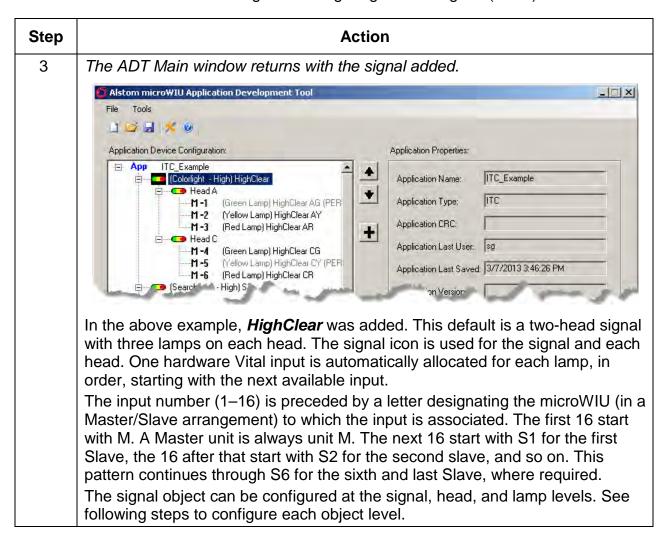


Table 4-8. Adding and Configuring an ITC Signal (Cont.)

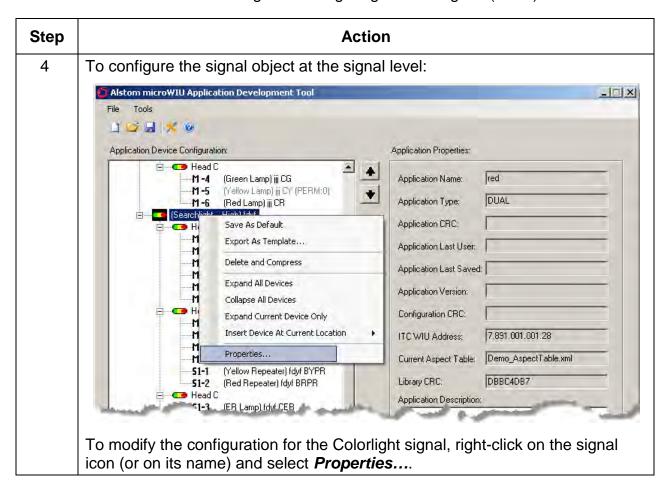


Table 4–8. Adding and Configuring an ITC Signal (Cont.)

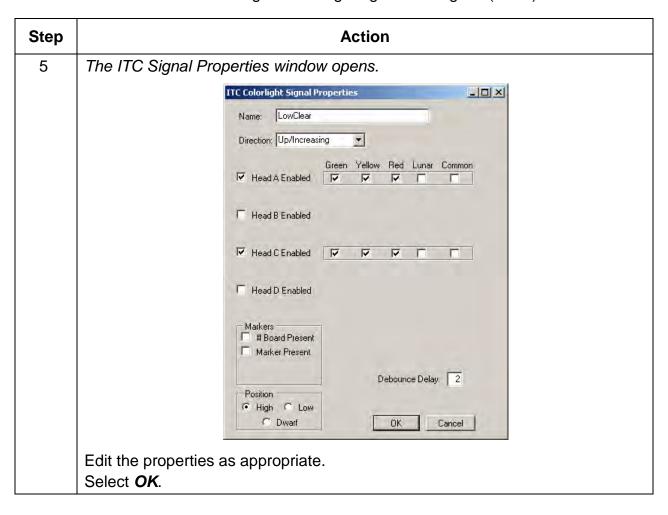


Table 4-8. Adding and Configuring an ITC Signal (Cont.)

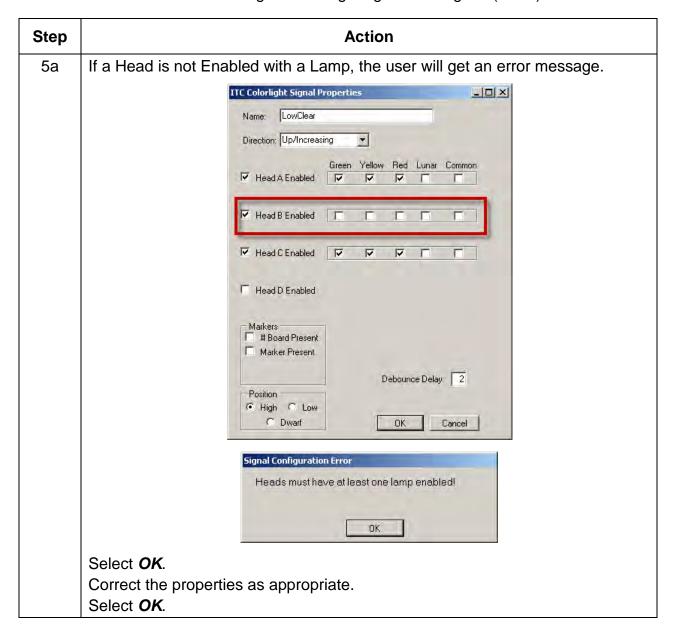


Table 4–8. Adding and Configuring an ITC Signal (Cont.)

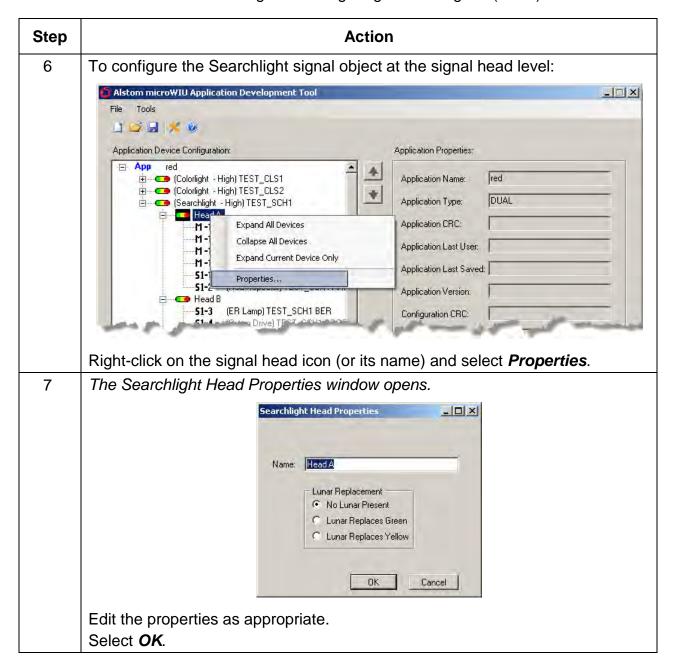


Table 4–8. Adding and Configuring an ITC Signal (Cont.)

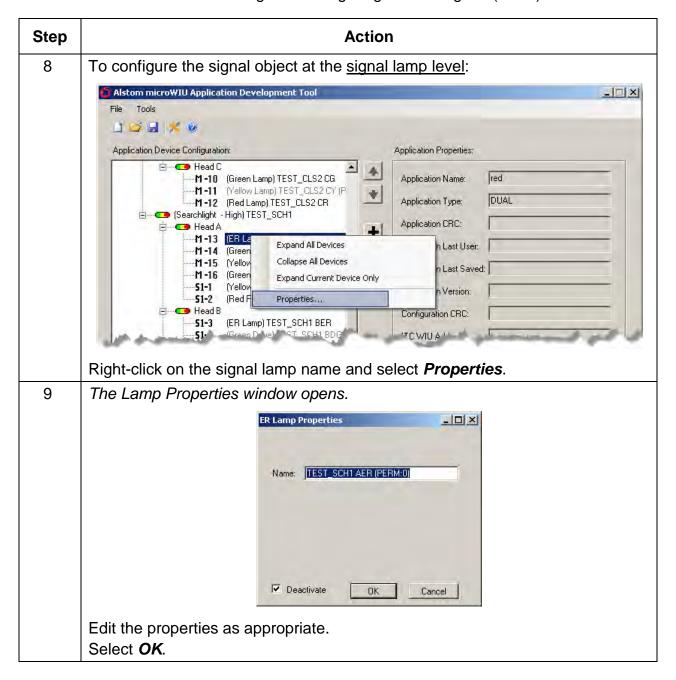


Table 4-8. Adding and Configuring an ITC Signal (Cont.)

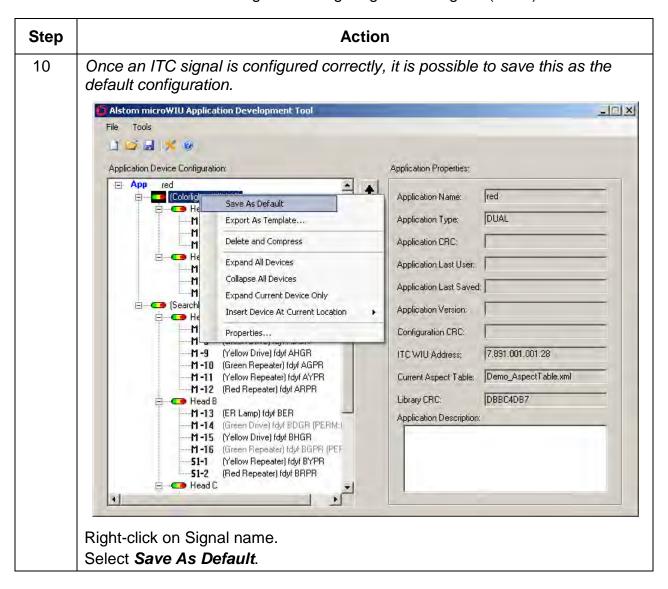
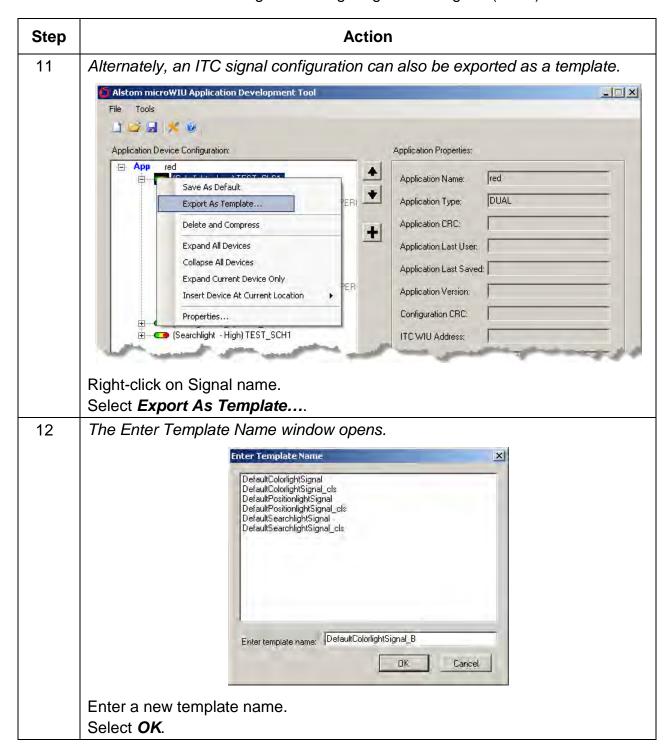


Table 4–8. Adding and Configuring an ITC Signal (Cont.)

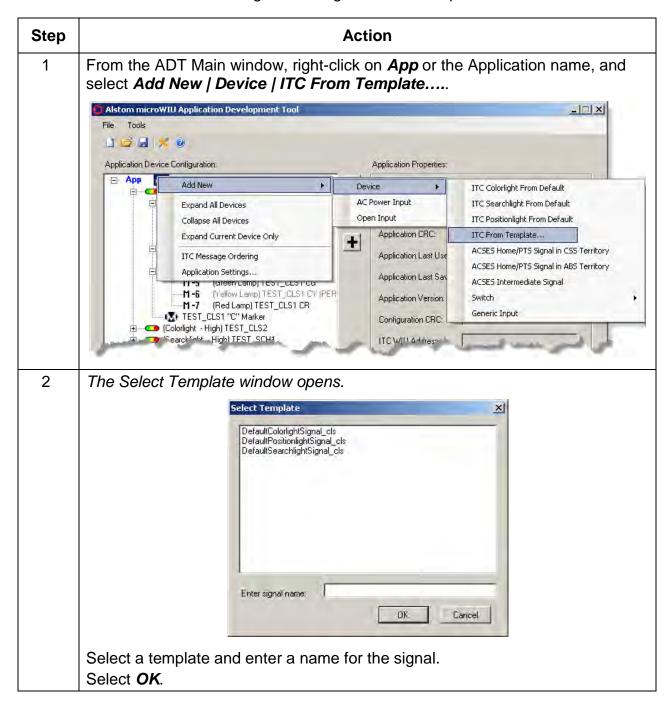


To add more signals, repeat the steps in Table 4–8.

4.5.1.3 Adding an ITC Signal from a Template

If any signal templates are defined, ITC signal objects can be configured from a template. To add an ITC signal using a template, see Table 4–9.

Table 4–9. Adding an ITC Signal from a Template



To add more signals, repeat the steps in Table 4–9.

4.5.2 ACSES Signals

For each ACSES signal, a unique set of pre-defined messages are created using the ADT, where each message is associated with a unique combination of Vital input states.

4.5.2.1 ACSES Signal Context Menus

The ADT provides context menus for ACSES signal types when certain levels of the Application tree in the Application Device Configuration Workspace are right-clicked. An ACSES signal Application provides context menus at the Application, Signal, and Input levels. See Figure 4-5 for more information.

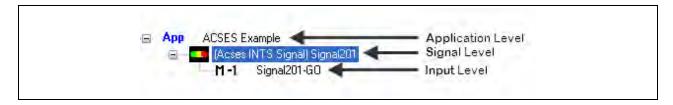


Figure 4-5. ACSES Signal Context Levels



Figure 4-6. ACSES Application Level Context Menu (Right Click)

Table 4–10. ACSES Application Level Context Menu Descriptions

| Menu Option | Description |
|----------------------------|--|
| Add New | Select this option to add a new signal, switch, or generic input. |
| Expand All Devices | Select this option to open all devices in the Application tree. |
| Collapse All Devices | Select this option to close all devices in the Application tree. |
| Expand Current Device Only | Select this option to open only the selected device in the Application tree. |
| Application Settings | Select this option to open the Application Settings tabs. |

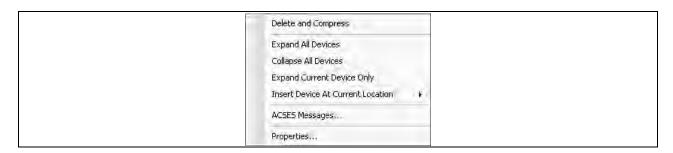


Figure 4-7. ACSES Signal Level Context Menu (Right Click)

Table 4-11. ACSES Signal Level Context Menu Descriptions

| Menu Option | Description | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Delete and Compress | Select this option to delete the signal and all inputs connected to it. | |
| Expand All Devices | Select this option to open all nodes within the device. | |
| Collapse All Devices | Select this option to close all nodes within the device. | |
| Expand Current Device Only | Select this option to expand all nodes within the selected device. | |
| Insert Device At Current Location | Select this option to insert a device at the highlighted location. | |
| ACSES Messages | Select this option to open the ACSES Programming dialog window. | |
| Properties | Select this option to open the Signal Properties dialog window. | |



Figure 4-8. ACSES Input Level Context Menu (Right Click)

Table 4-12. ACSES Input Level Context Menu Descriptions

| Menu Option | Description | |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Expand All Devices | Select this option to open all nodes within the device. | |
| Collapse All Devices | Select this option to close all nodes within the device. | |
| Expand Current Device Only | Select this option to expand all nodes within the selected device. | |
| Properties | Select this option to open the Input Properties dialog window. | |

4.5.2.2 Adding an ACSES Signal

Table 4–13 shows how to add an ACSES signal.

For each ACSES signal, a unique set of pre-defined messages are created using the ADT, where each message is associated with a unique set of Vital input states. To configure ACSES messages, see Section 4.5.2.3.

Table 4–13. Adding and Configuring an ACSES Signal

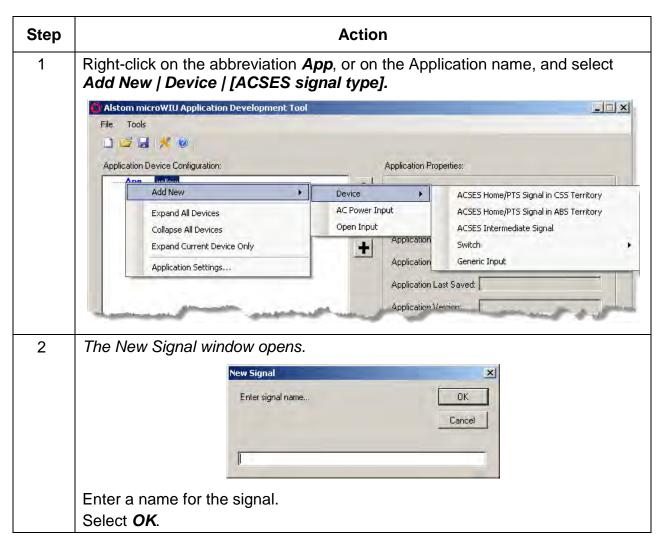


Table 4–13. Adding and Configuring an ACSES Signal (Cont.)

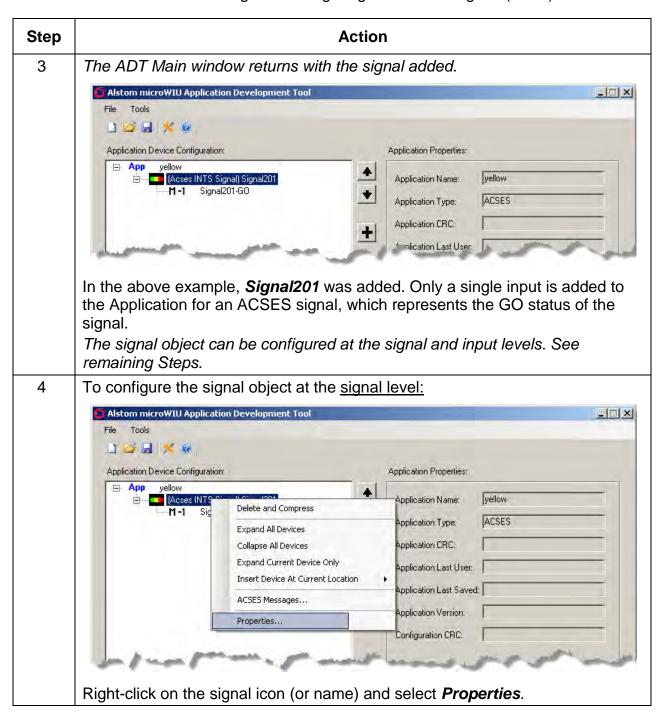


Table 4-13. Adding and Configuring an ACSES Signal (Cont.)

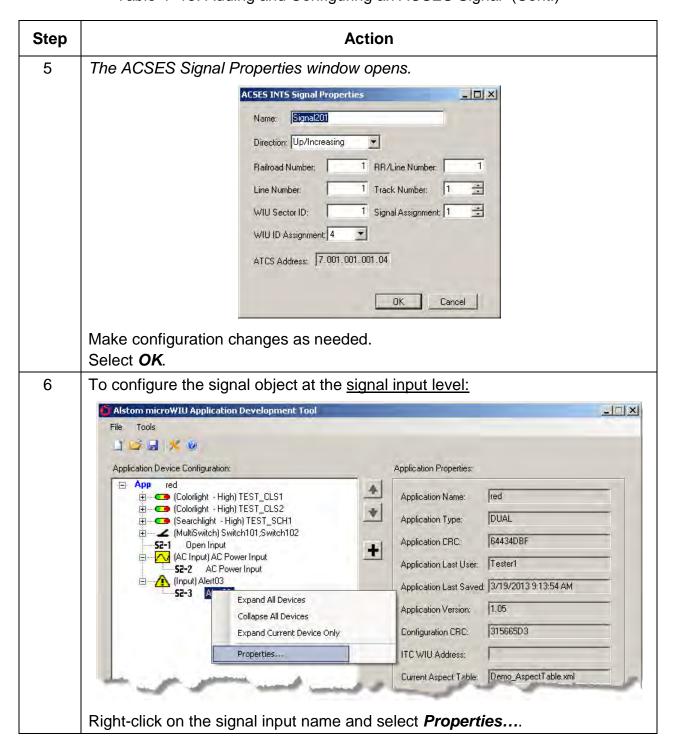
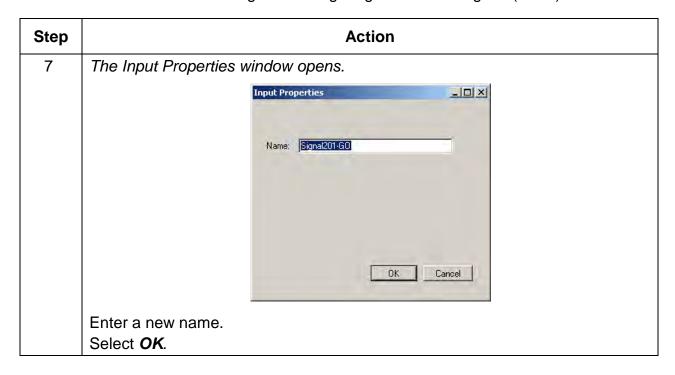


Table 4–13. Adding and Configuring an ACSES Signal (Cont.)



To add more signals, repeat the steps in Table 4–13.

4.5.2.3 Configuring ACSES Messages

For each ACSES signal, a unique set of pre-defined messages are created using the ADT, where each message is associated with a unique combination of Vital input states.

- To configure an ACSES message, see Table 4–14.
- To view ACSES messages, see Section 5.1.2.
- To print ACSES messages, see Section 5.1.3.

Table 4–14. Configuring an ACSES Message

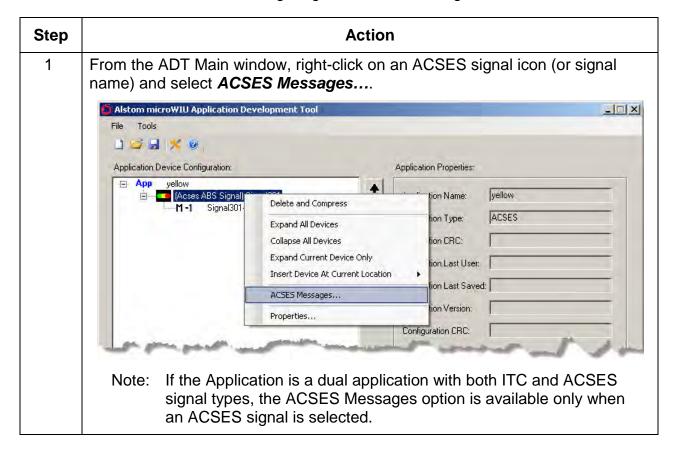


Table 4–14. Configuring an ACSES Message (Cont.)

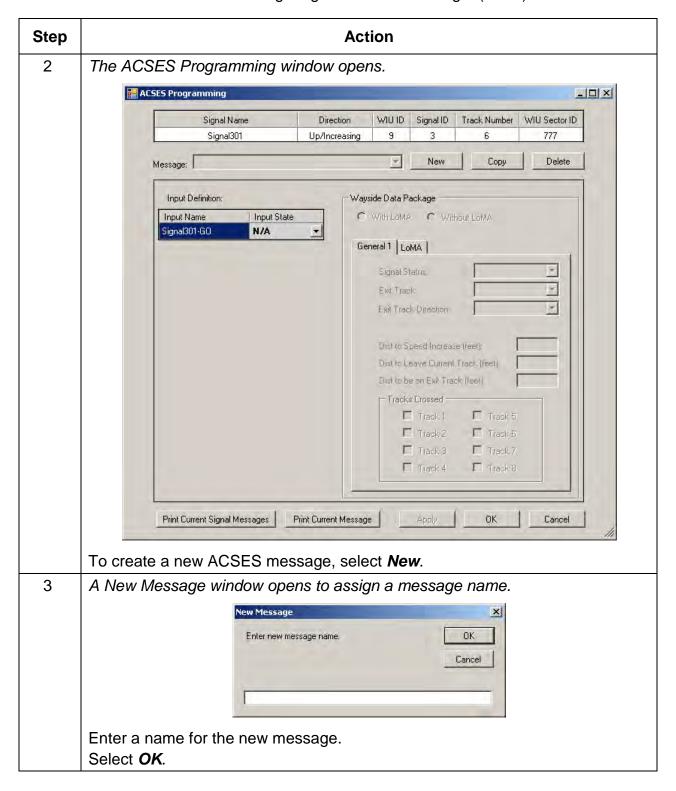


Table 4–14. Configuring an ACSES Message (Cont.)

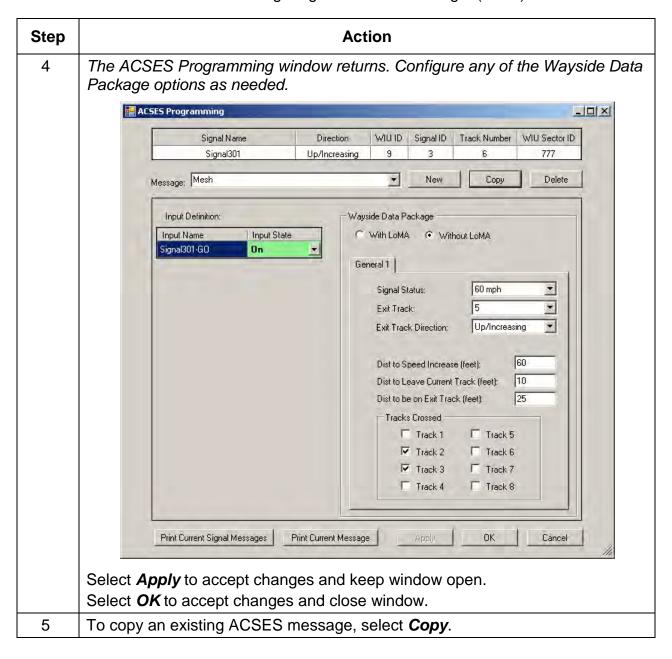


Table 4-14. Configuring an ACSES Message (Cont.)

| Step | Action | | |
|------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| 6 | The Copy Message window opens. | | |
| | | Copy Message | X |
| | | Enter new message name, | ОК |
| | | | Cancel |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | Enter a name for Select <i>OK</i> . | the new message. | |

4.6 ADDING SWITCHES

To add a switch (single or multiple) to an ITC or Dual application or a single switch to an ACSES application, refer to Table 4–15.

Table 4–15. Adding a Switch

Action

Step 1 🖰 Alstom microWIU Application Development Tool _ | _ | × | File Tools □ □ □ □ | 火 ⊚ Application Device Configuration: Application Properties: Add New Device ITC Colorlight From Default AC Power Input Expand All Devices ITC Searchlight From Default Open Input Collapse All Devices ITC Positionlight From Default Expand Current Device Only Application I ITC From Template... + ACSES Home/PTS Signal in CSS Territory ITC Message Ordering Application . ACSES Home/PTS Signal in ABS Territory Application Settings... Application ACSES Intermediate Signal Application' Single Generic Input Multiple ITC WIU Address: 7.891.001.001.28 From the ADT Main window, right-click on App (or the Application name) and select Add New | Device | Switch | [switch type]. 2 The New Switch window opens. New Switch X OK Enter switch name..



If the **Single** switch type was selected, enter a switch name.

Table 4-15. Adding a Switch (Cont.)

Step Action Or the New Multiswitch window opens. 2a Note: This option is not available for an ACSES only application. New Multiswitch Enter 2 multiswitch names separated by !; OK character. Cancel If the *Multiple* switch type was selected, enter two switch names separated by a ";" (semi-colon). For example, Switch02; Switch03. Note: Spaces within names are not allowed. Device Name Error Device name contains one or more illegal characters! Only alphanumeric characters and underscores are legal. Select OK. 3 The ADT Main window returns with the new switch added. 4 Alstom microWIU Application Development Tool _ | X | File Tools 📑 🕞 😾 🥹 Application Device Configuration: Application Properties: App red 4 red (Colorlight - Low) TEST_CLS1 Application Name: + DUAL Application Type: (Searchlight - High) TEST_SCH1 Ē---∠ (Switch) Switch09 4B73B3CA Application CRC: S1-16 (Normal) Switch09N S2-1 (Reverse) Switch09R + Application Last User: Tester1 (MultiSwitch) Switch101;Switch102 52-2 (Normal) Switch101N Application Last Saved: 2/14/2013 1:20:49 PM --- (Normal) Switch102N E 52-3 (Reverse) Switch101R Application Version: 1.05 == (Reverse) Switch102R CEE30E01 Configuration CRC: In the above example, two switches were added (the switch icon is used for both switches): Switch09 (single Switch) and Switch101/Switch102 (MultiSwitch). The switch object can be configured at the switch and input levels. See

remaining Steps to configure each object level.

Table 4–15. Adding a Switch (Cont.)

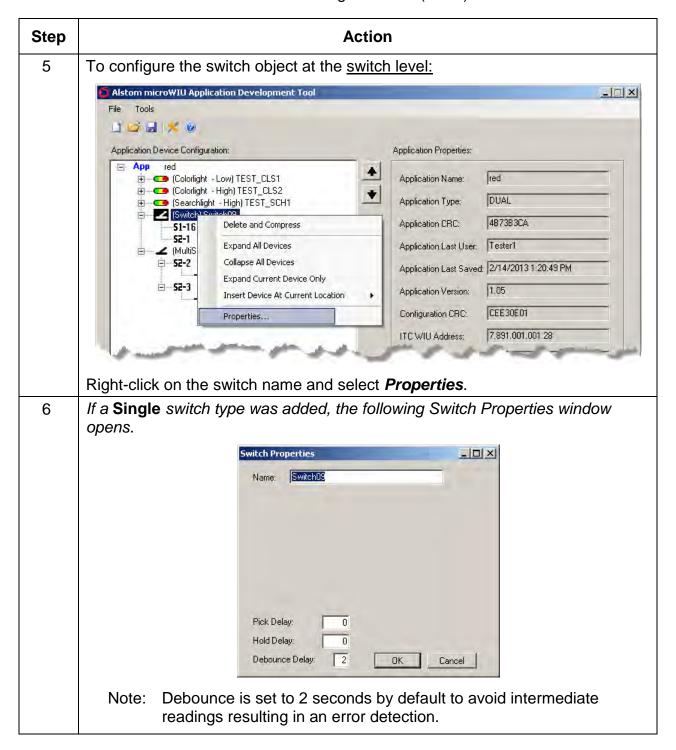


Table 4–15. Adding a Switch (Cont.)

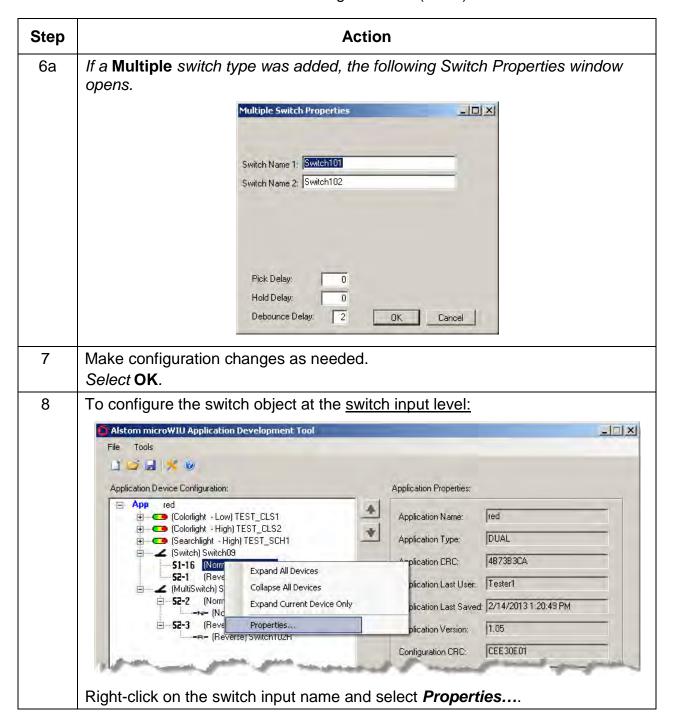


Table 4-15. Adding a Switch (Cont.)

| Step | Action | | | | |
|------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 9 | The Input Properties window opens. | | | | |
| | Note: The Input Properties window shown below is for a single switch. The Name field for multiswitch inputs cannot be directly edited. | | | | |
| | Input Properties X | | | | |
| | Name: Switch09N | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | OK Cancel | | | | |
| | Enter a new name. Select <i>OK</i> . | | | | |

To add more switches, repeat the steps in Table 4–15.

4.7 ADDING A GENERIC INPUT

To add a generic input, such as a Hazard Detector, to an Application, see Table 4–16.

Table 4–16. Adding a Generic Input

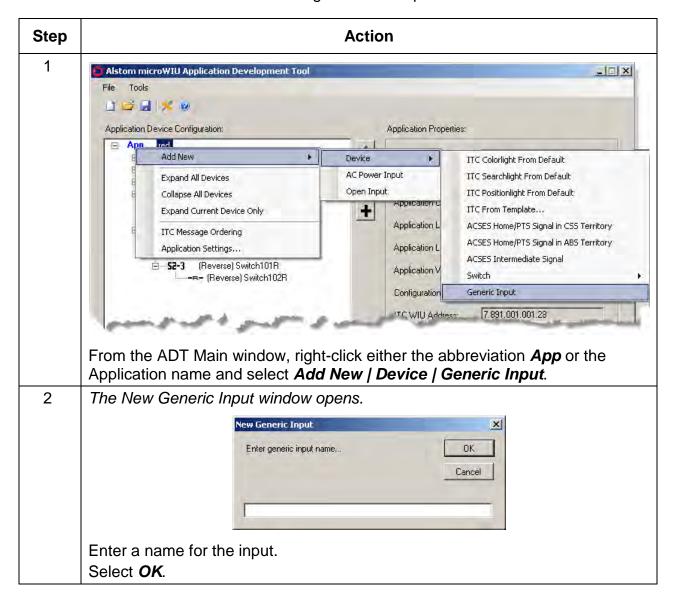


Table 4–16. Adding a Generic Input (Cont.)

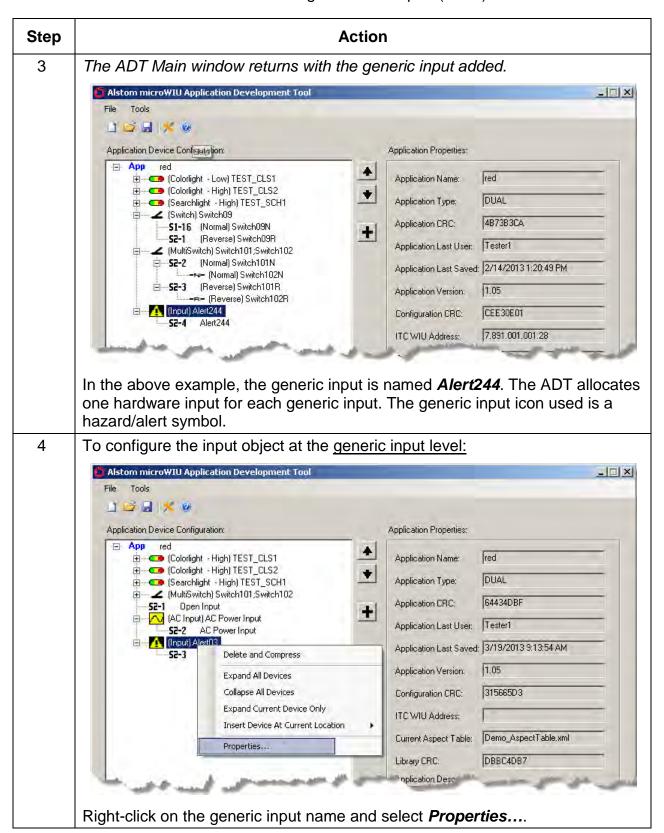


Table 4–16. Adding a Generic Input (Cont.)

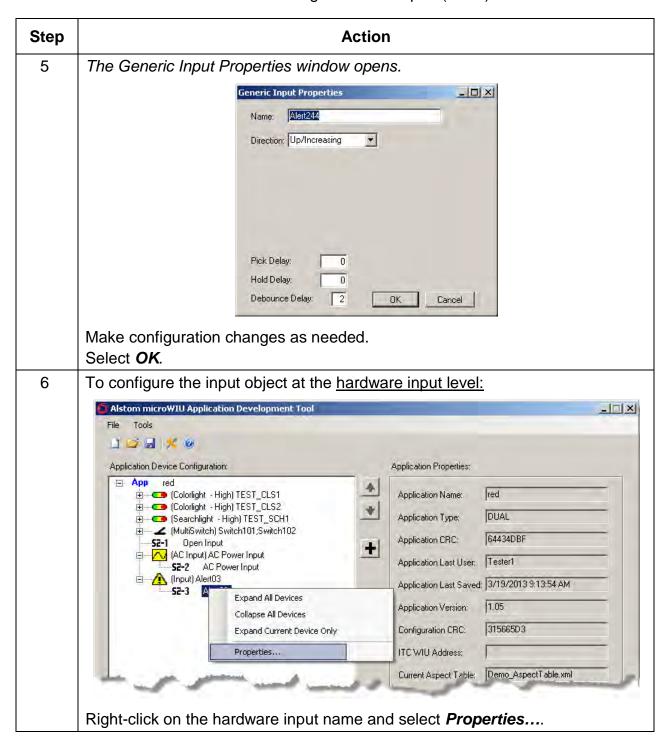
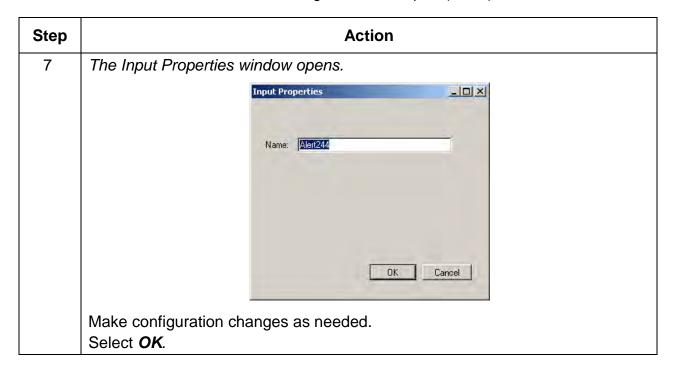


Table 4–16. Adding a Generic Input (Cont.)



4.8 COMPILING AND VERIFYING AN APPLICATION

When all configuration settings, wayside inputs, and attributes are defined, the Application programmer initiates the compile and subsequent verify step. To compile, and verify the compilation of an Application, see Table 4–17.

WARNING

Before using an Application generated by the ADT, the user must execute the procedure described in SECTION 6 – Application Data Verification to ensure Vital application data structures are correct.

CAUTION

Applications created with a previous version of ADT software (i.e., different than the microWIU is currently running) need to be recompiled with the version of ADT software that matches the version on the target microWIU. Applications compiled in an older ADT version will render the microWIU nonfunctional.

Table 4-17. Compiling and Verifying an Application

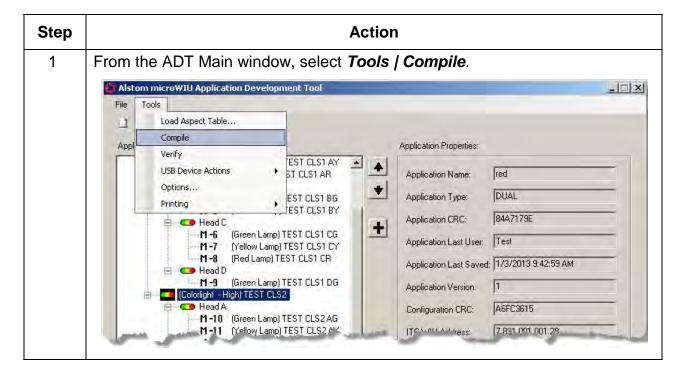
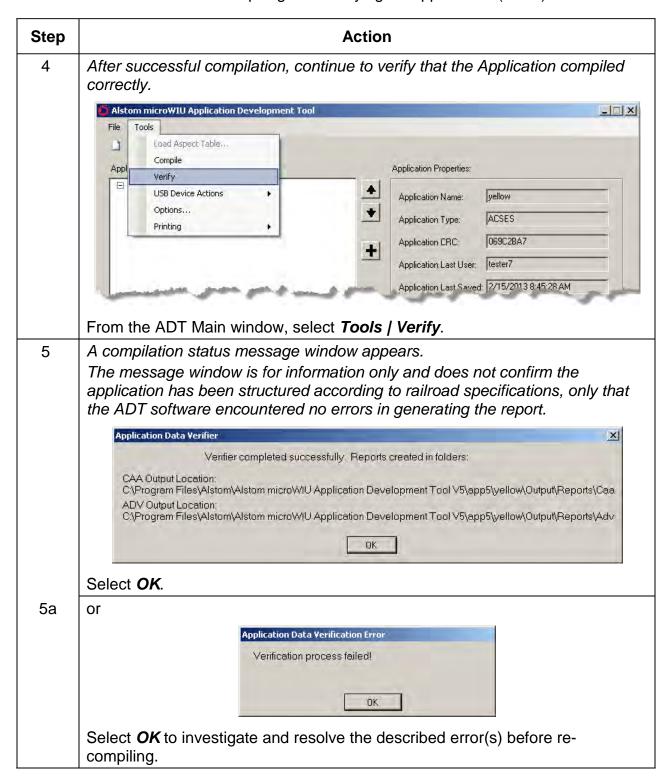


Table 4–17. Compiling and Verifying an Application (Cont.)

| Step | Action | | | | | |
|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | The Username/Version Entry Form window opens. Username/Version Entry Form User name: Test Version: 1.2 | | | | | |
| | Enter a User name and a Version number. (this information is provided by the customer) Select <i>OK</i> . | | | | | |
| 3 | A compilation status message window appears. Alstom microWIU Application Development Tool Compile completed successfully. Files created in folder: C\Program Files\Alstom\Alstom micro\WIU Application Development Tool \V5\app5\yellow\Output Application is 2% of maximum size. | | | | | |
| 0 | Select OK and continue to Step 4 | | | | | |
| 3a | Alstom microWIU Application Development Tool Compile failed! Error: ACSES Message Definition Error OK | | | | | |
| | Select OK to investigate and resolve the described error(s) before recompiling. | | | | | |

Table 4–17. Compiling and Verifying an Application (Cont.)



4.9 SAVING AN APPLICATION

To save an Application, see Table 4–18.

Table 4–18. Saving an Application

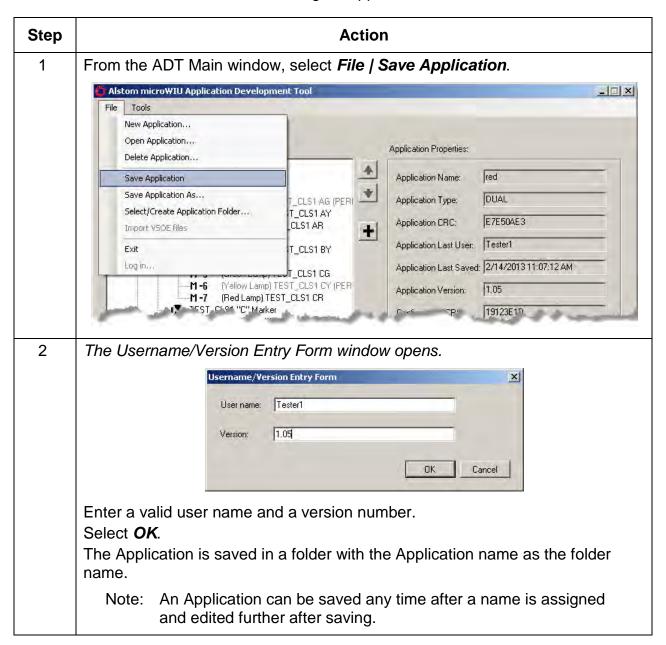
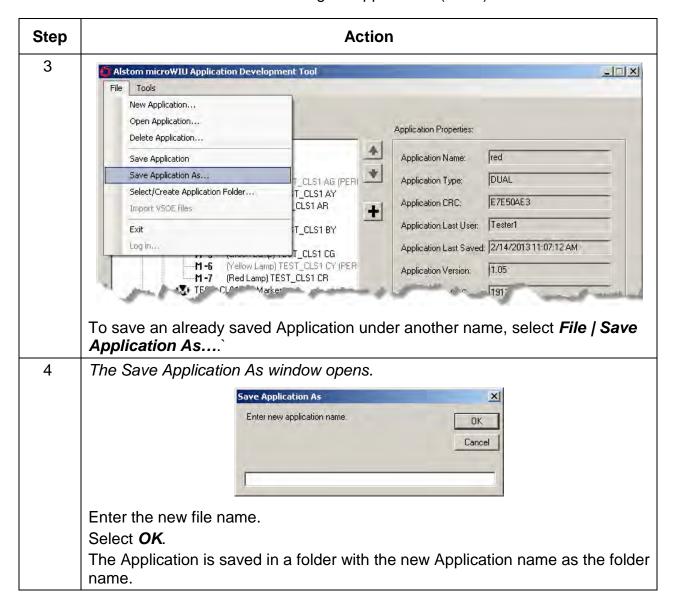


Table 4–18. Saving an Application (Cont.)



4.10 COPYING APPLICATION DATA FILES

To copy the output files created when an Application is compiled onto a microWIU USB device, see Table 4–19.

Table 4–19. Copying Application Data Files onto a USB Device

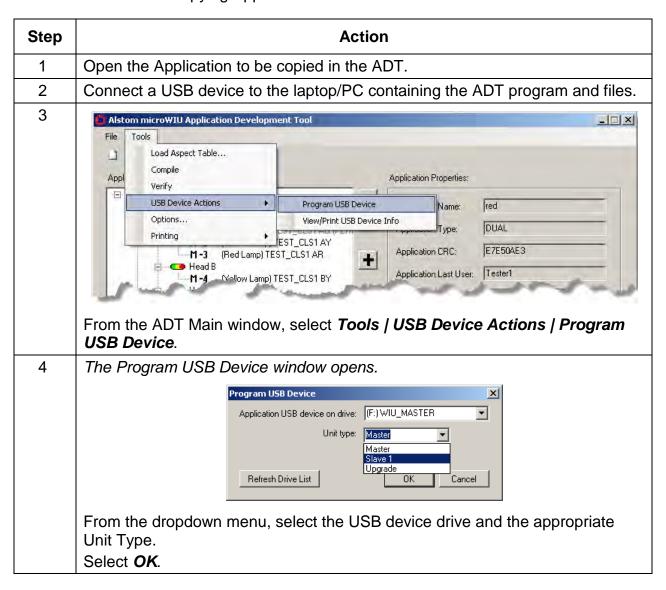


Table 4–19. Copying Application Data Files onto a USB Device (Cont.)

5 The output files are copied to the USB device. Upon a successful save, a confirmation message displays. Program USB Device USB of type "Slave 1" programmed successfully. Select OK. Programming as unit type *master* or *slave* produces a 'bin' folder Note: and a 'cfg' folder on the USB drive Programming as unit type *upgrade* deletes all files from the USB drive and produces an 'updates' folder containing .tgz files. Record results on Table A-1, Line 10. 6 7 The USB Info Printing Utility window opens. This report contains the application CRCs. 🔐 USB Info Exinting Uplic _ | U X of 1 100% Alstom MicroWIU USB Plug Configuration Report Name: red Configuration CRC: 315665D3 Library CRC: DBBC4DB7 Last Compiled: 2013-03-19T09:13:36.9465690-04:00 USB Device CRC: ACC01CD2 Master **CRC Listing** Vital ADS CRC: ACC01CD2 Executive CRC: 8DC17497 Vital Application A: BCD34B93 Vital Application B: 9C5B439D Vital Vids A: CD45CA77 Save or print as needed. The CRCs are needed for installation on the microWIU. This window can be viewed anytime by selecting *Tools | USB*

Options... | View / Print USB Info.

Table 4–19. Copying Application Data Files onto a USB Device (Cont.)

| 8 | Record results on Table A–1, Line 11. | | |
|----|--|--|--|
| 9 | Label the programmed USB device with application-specific information by selecting <i>Tools Printing Print Label Report Master</i> . | | |
| 10 | Record results on Table A–1, Line 12. | | |
| 11 | To load the application from the programmed USB device, refer to the P2525, microWIU Operation and Maintenance Manual, Section 5. | | |

4.11 PRINTING OPTIONS

Application data file reports and labels are generated and printed from the ADT.

To print an Application report file that contains the data for a selected Application, or to print a label for the programmed application-specific USB device, see Table 4–20.

Table 4–20. Printing an Application Data File Report

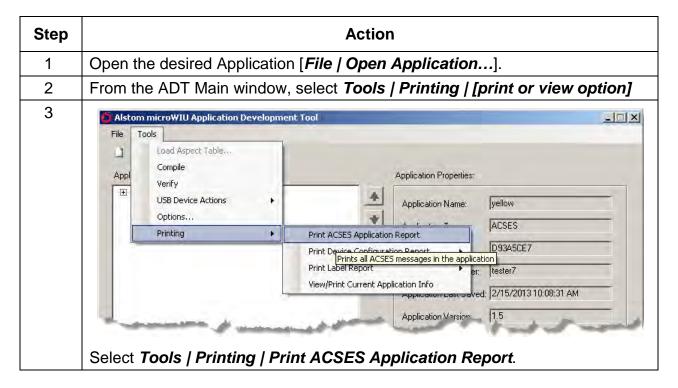


Table 4–20. Printing an Application Data File Report (Cont.)

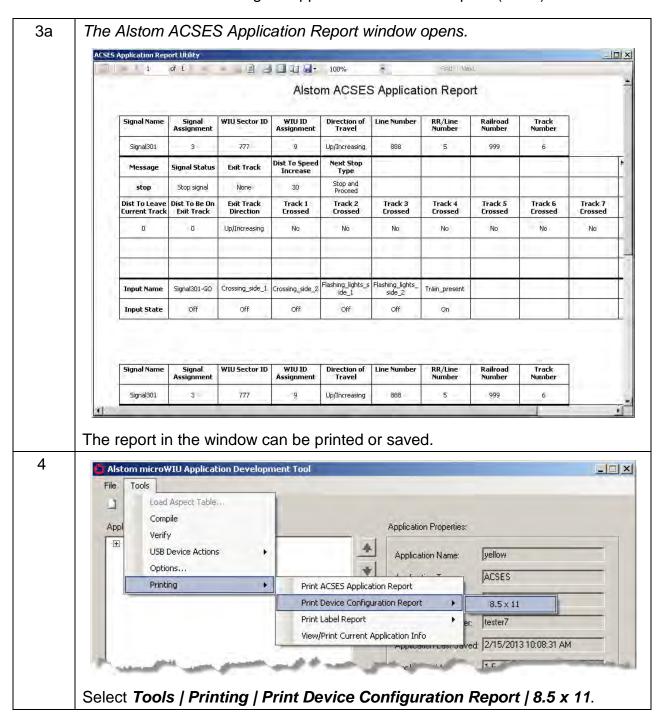


Table 4-20. Printing an Application Data File Report (Cont.)

| 0-1-0-1 | | THE COLUMN | |
|---------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Ţ | of3 ⊬ N = _ [] ≥ [] 11 [] • | 100% = Find Me | |
| | | | |
| | Application Information | | |
| | Name | red | |
| | Program CRC | 64434DBF | |
| | Configuration CRC | 315665D3 | |
| | Library CRC | DBBC4DB7 | |
| | Last Edited | Tester1 | |
| | Version | 1.05 | |
| | ADT Version | ADT Version 5.0.0.72 | |
| | ITE | T 1 | |
| | Address | | |
| | X 509 Certificate | | |
| | RC2 Key (MD5 Hash Value) | b7eaeed25cdec18086f7ed3706582ab1 | |
| | HMAC Key | 12BAA0BA386402C18DEA0CCAE387DCC46B6DC63 3C8E2FAA0 | |
| | EMP Source Address | | |
| | ITP On | | |
| | Class C multicast | 239,255,0,4 | |
| | Class C port | 32768 | |
| | ITP Address | | |
| | QoS Normal | . 0 | |
| | QoS Alternative | 0 | |
| | EMP Destination Address | :XX,L.X.000000;tmc | |
| | ITC Config | 1 | |
| | Network | 2 | |
| | Class D Gateway Address | 192.168,2.1 | |
| | Class D Gateway Port | 3001 | |
| | Network | 3 | |
| | Class D Gateway Address | 0.0.0.0 | |
| | Class D Gateway Port | 3001 | |
| | ITC Config Common | | |
| | Class D Keep-Alive Interval | 30000 | |
| | Class D Keep-Alive Ack Timeout | 15000 | |
| | Class D Data Ack Timeout | 15000 | |
| | Class D Nak Retries | 3 | |
| | Charl Datasanit Dalas | 70 | |

Table 4–20. Printing an Application Data File Report (Cont.)

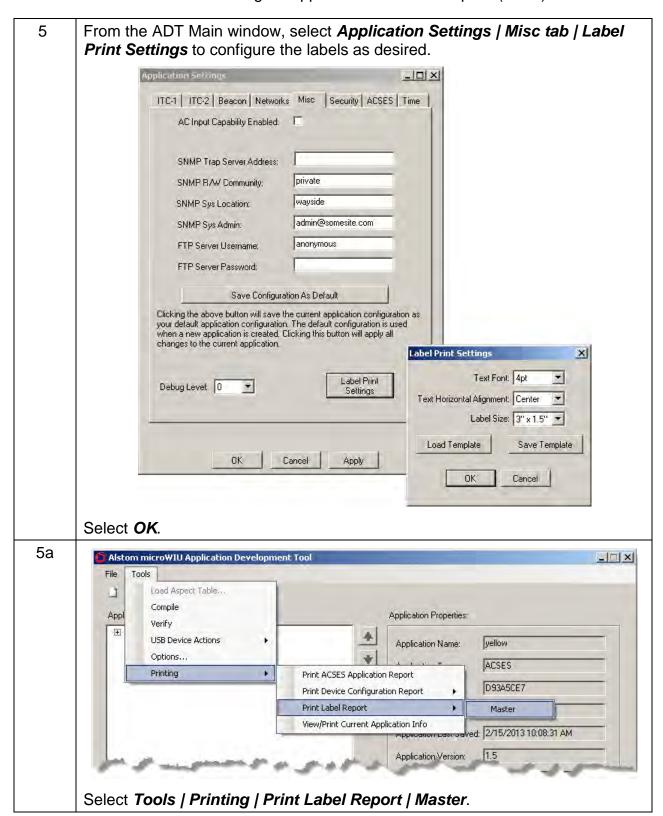


Table 4-20. Printing an Application Data File Report (Cont.)

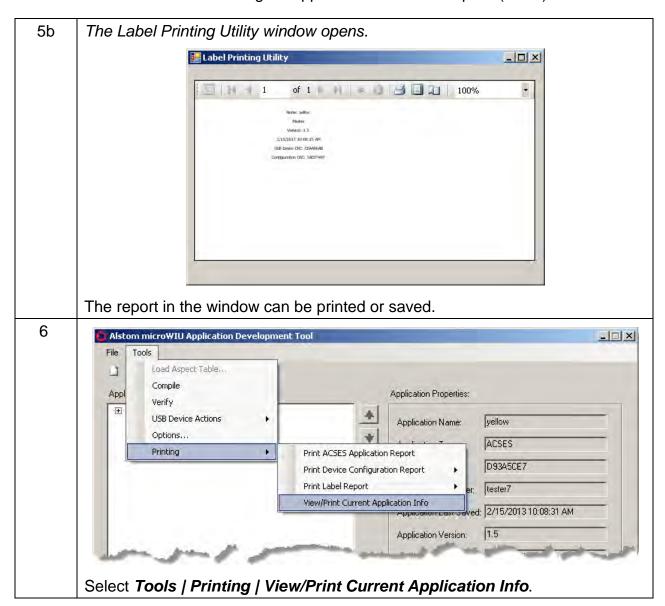
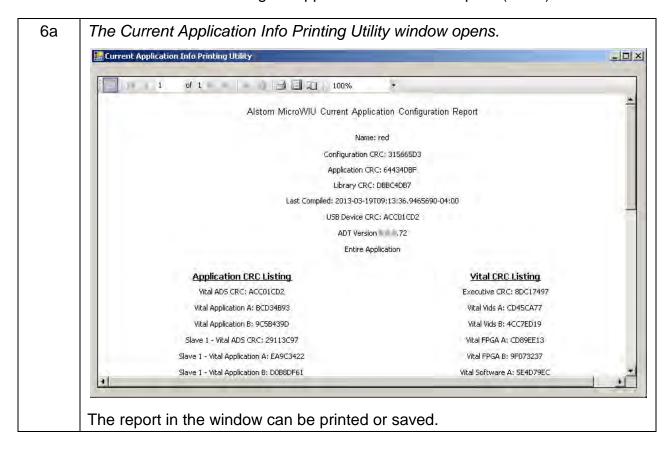


Table 4-20. Printing an Application Data File Report (Cont.)



4.12 DELETING AN APPLICATION

To delete an Application from the ADT program, see Table 4–21.

Table 4–21. Deleting an Application

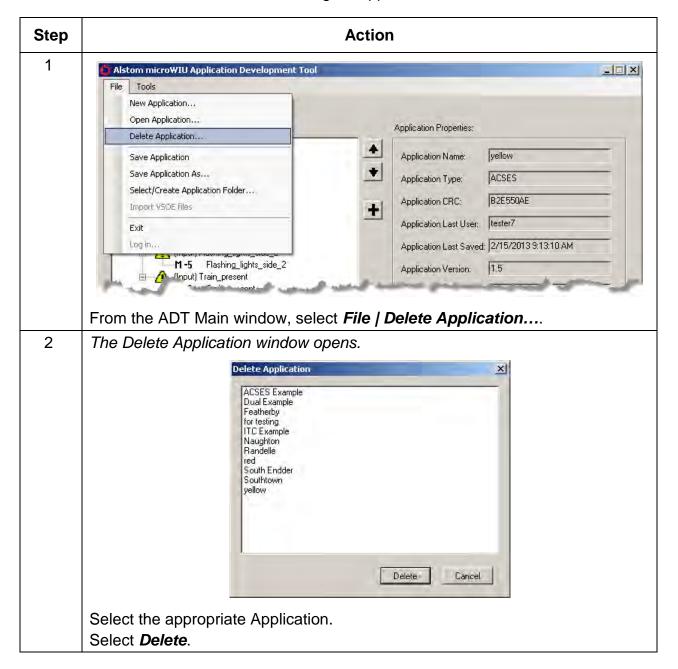


Table 4-21. Deleting an Application (Cont.)

| Step | Action | | | |
|------|---|--|--|--|
| 3 | A confirmation message appears. | | | |
| | Select Yes. The Application's folder and all of its contents are deleted. | | | |

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SECTION 5 – APPLICATION MODIFICATION AND VIEWING

5.1 INTRODUCTION

This section describes how to modify ADT Applications to organize and manage Application data, as well as how to view data while the ADT program is connected to the microWIU.

5.1.1 Opening an Existing Application

To open an existing Application, see Table 5–1.

Table 5–1. Opening an Existing Application

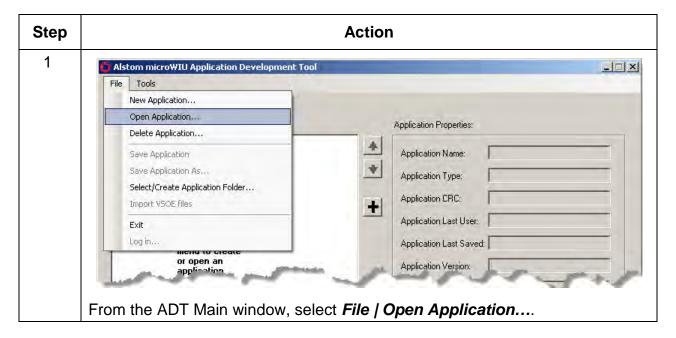


Table 5–1. Opening an Existing Application (Cont.)

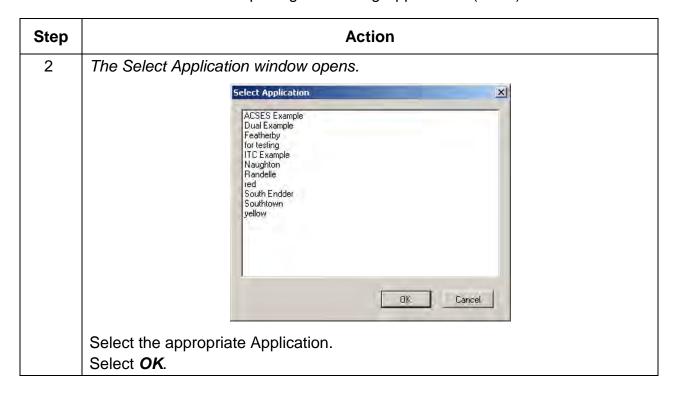
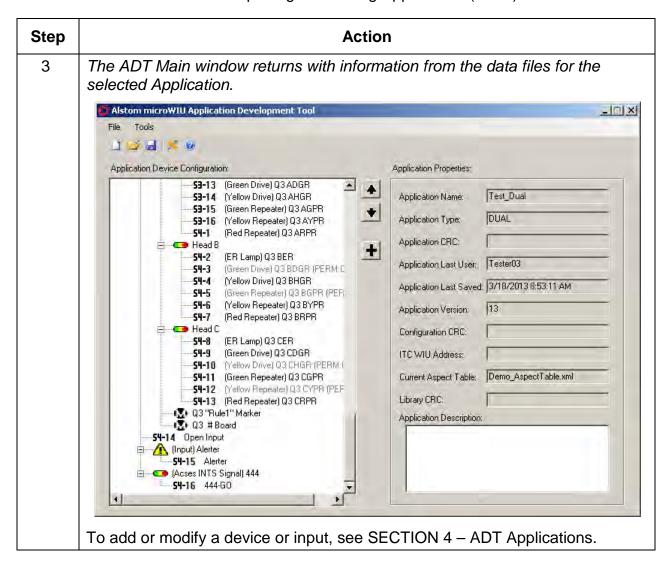


Table 5–1. Opening an Existing Application (Cont.)



5.1.2 Viewing ACSES Messages

To view ACSES messages, see Table 5–2.

Table 5-2. Viewing ACSES Messages

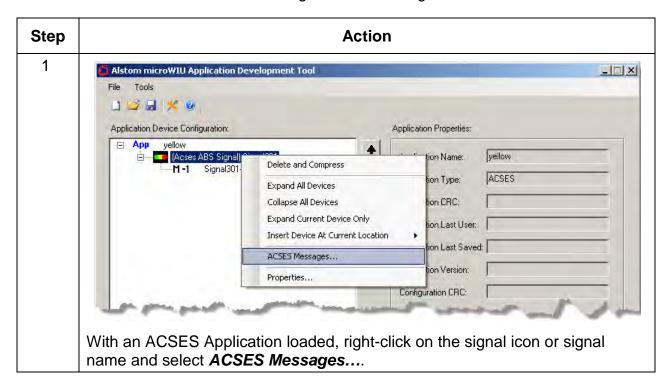
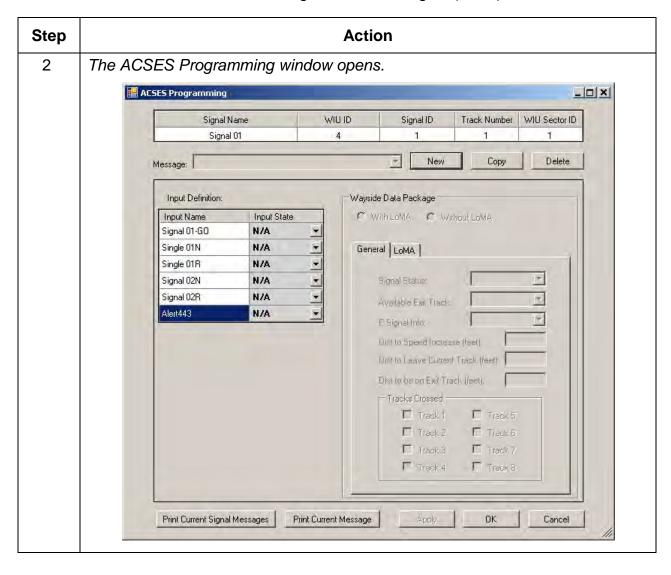


Table 5–2. Viewing ACSES Messages (Cont.)



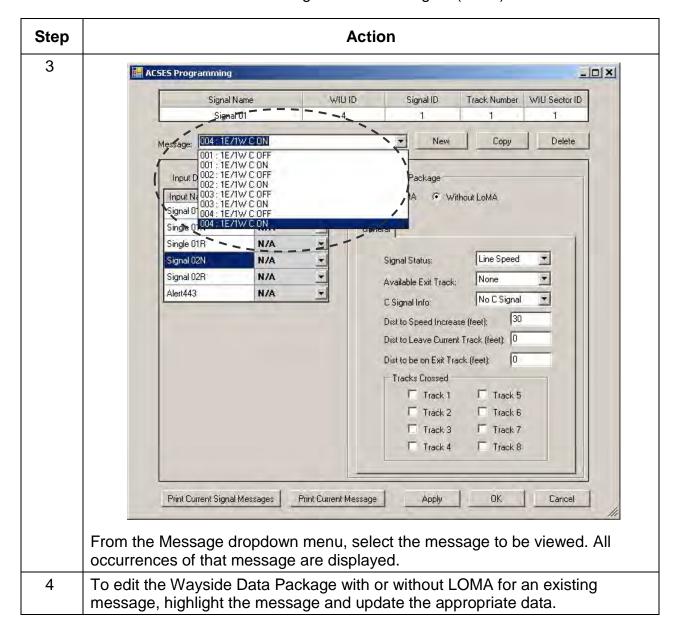


Table 5–2. Viewing ACSES Messages (Cont.)

5.1.3 Printing ACSES Messages

To print ACSES messages, see Table 5–3.

Table 5–3. Printing ACSES Messages

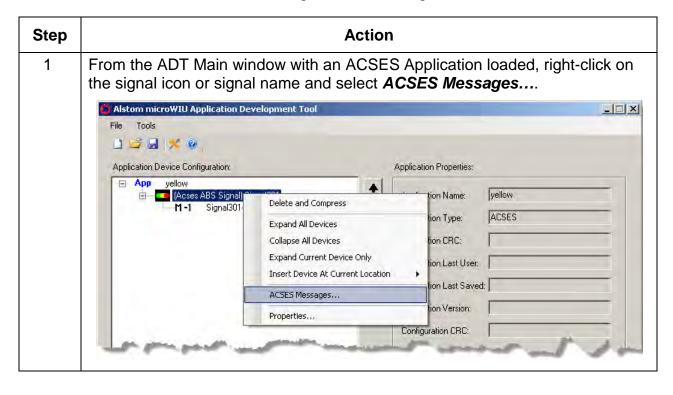
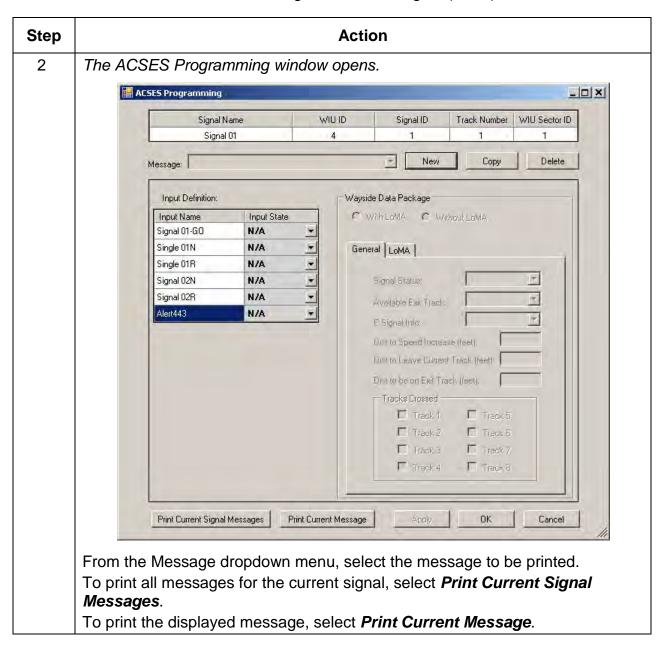


Table 5–3. Printing ACSES Messages (Cont.)



SECTION 6 – APPLICATION DATA VERIFICATION

6.1 INTRODUCTION

The ADT is used to create an ADT customer-specific application that may be downloaded to the microWIU.

Refer to Appendix A and Appendix B for details of application data verification.

WARNING

The Application Data Verification (ADV) procedure output listing provides a means to compare and verify equivalence between the input and the output data.

However, the Application Data Verification process neither determines the safety suitability of the Boolean expression list nor determines the validity of certain encoded application data. The input data to the ADV process must be verified for safety separately, prior to the ADV process, and the safety and suitability of the input data is the responsibility of the user.

The ADV does, however, issue warnings and error messages as a result of non-vital data checking to alert the user to possible discrepancies.

WARNING

Railroad correspondence (validation) testing must be conducted to ensure that microWIU configuration and physical connections agree with railroad track conditions.

CAUTION

Product manuals clearly define all maintenance requirements of the system, and training must be sufficient to convey understanding of safety requirements

6.2 APPLICATION DATA VERIFICATION PROCEDURE

The following steps <u>must</u> be successfully executed before putting into service any Application generated by the ADT.

Use the data sheet provided in APPENDIX A (Table A–1) to record the outcome of each step.

Table 6–1. Application Verification Steps

| Step | Procedure | Reference Section |
|------|--|----------------------|
| 1 | Compile the Application within the ADT. | 4.8 and 6.3 |
| 2 | Verify the Application within the ADT | 4.8 and 6.3 |
| 3 | Verify .xpr files and .xas (for ACSES applications) files. | 6.5 |
| 4 | Compare the contents of the Reports folders (Caa and Adv) and ensure that they are identical. | 6.6 |
| 5 | Perform a visual validation and ensure that the generated Application matches the intended Application Design. | 6.7 |

6.3 COMPILE THE APPLICATION

The following files are generated when an Application is successfully compiled.

Table 6-2. Compilation Files

| Generated Files | Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Application Data Files | Defines the Application to the CAA (module responsible for the Compile of each Application). Application Data files are always composed of a file that is named with the Application name and the ".xpr" extension. This file defines the Inputs, Variables, and Equations. If the Application supports ACSES messages, a file is generated with the ".xas" extension. This file defines the ACSES messages within the Application. |
| CAA Verification Files | Text files that are generated by the CAA module. CAA verification files contain the results of algorithms executed to test the Application Data Structures. |
| Application Data Structures | Hex files that are downloaded to the microWIU unit after the verification procedures are successfully completed. |

Record results on Table A-1, Line 1.

6.4 VERIFY THE COMPILATION OF THE APPLICATION

The ADV is a separate utility used to verify the Application Data Structures. If the ADT verification (*Tools | Verify*) is successful, the ADV verification files are generated. These files contain the results of algorithms executed to test the Application Data Structures. These files are located in two separate folders: CAA and ADV.

After a successful verification within the ADT, a dialog window opens indicating the target folder locations.

Record results on Table A–1, Line 2.

6.5 VERIFY .XPR AND .XAS FILES

An .xpr file is always generated when each application is compiled, while an .xas file is <u>only</u> generated when an application contains ACSES messages. The location for these files, as applicable, is in the Output folder within the application-named folder.

Refer also to P2525, microWIU Operation and Maintenance Manual, Section 5.

See Figure 6-1 for an example of these files.

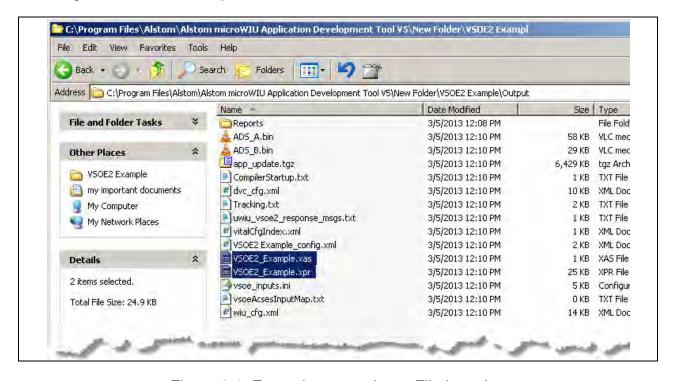


Figure 6-1. Example .xpr and .xas File Location

6.5.1 Verify .xpr Files

For .xpr files, the user must check the following:

| .xpr File Section | Verify | Action |
|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| // Vital Input Declaration// | Correct definitions of used and unused inputs | Record results on Table A–1, Line 3. |
| // Boolean Logic Definition// | Correct Boolean logic definition for each used device. | Record results on Table A–1, Line 4. |

Refer to Figure 6-2. and Figure 6-3. for examples of referenced files.

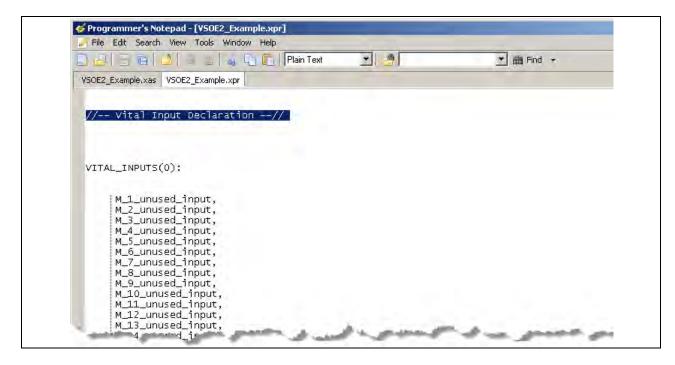


Figure 6-2. Example .xpr File – Vital Input Definition

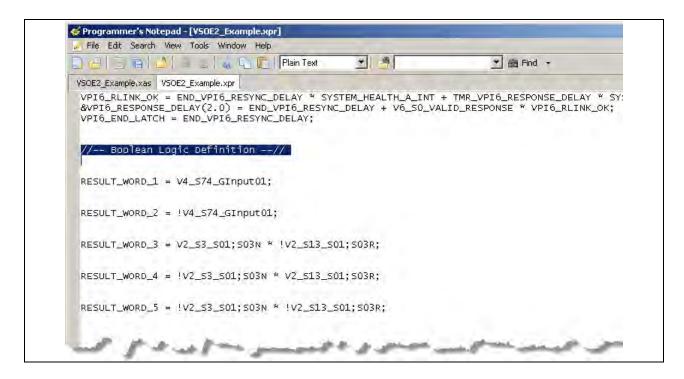


Figure 6-3. Example .xpr File – Boolean Logic Definition

6.5.2 Verify .xas Files

For .xas files, the user must check the following:

| .xas File Section | Verify | Action |
|-------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| INPUT_DATA | Correct definition of used and unused inputs | Record results on Table A–1, Line 5. |
| | Correct inputs and input states are used in the message selection | Record results on Table A–1, Line 6. |

Refer to Figure 6-4. for an example of referenced file.

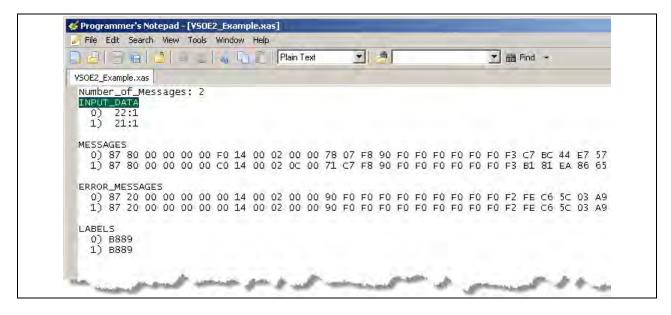


Figure 6-4. Example .xas File - Input Data

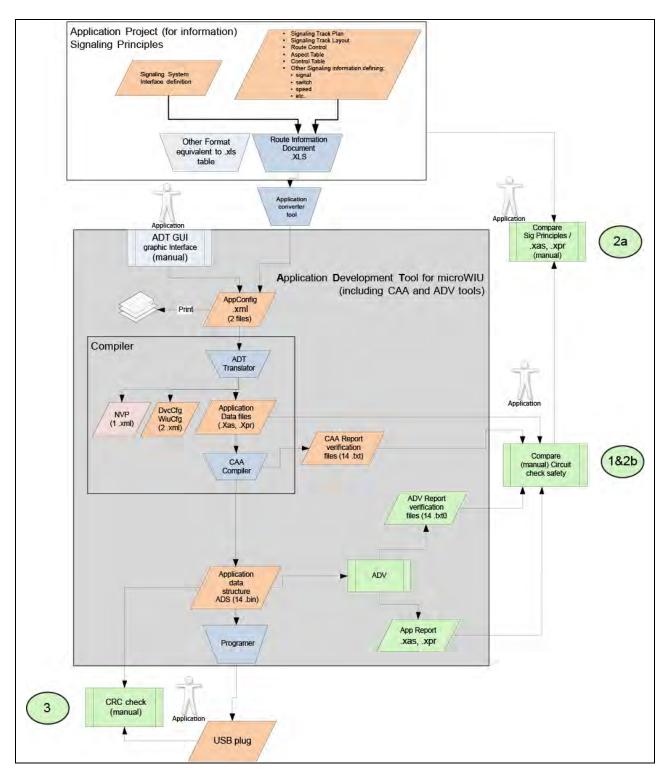


Figure 6-5. ADT Functional Diagram

6.6 COMPARE THE VERIFICATION REPORTS

WARNING

No trains may be put into service until ALL of the file outputs are verified to be identical.

Compare all of the files in the CAA Output Location folder to ensure that these files are identical to all the files in the ADV Output Location folder. Do not compare files in the subdirectories and ignore comment lines and differences in white space.

Section 6.6.2 contains an example instruction procedure for comparing the Verification Reports.

6.6.1 Purpose

The completeness and correctness of the Application Data Structures generated by the ADT and CAA Applications are verified by comparing the files generated by the ADT and CAA to the files generated by the ADV tool. The comparison can be done manually, as all of the Application Data files and reports are readable text files. However, a manual comparison may be time-consuming for large Applications because of the large amount of data.

The example procedure suggested in Section 6.6.2 is intended to make this comparison easier. The user is free to use any comparison tool providing the same level of features as in Section 6.6.2.

The ADT generates the Application Data files that define the logic for a specific Application. The CAA uses the Application Data files as input to generate the Application Data Structures, which are output as hex files. The CAA also generates various CAA Verification Report text files that contain 32-bit CRC summations of the CAA data used to generate the data structures.

The ADV uses the Application Data Structure hex files as input to reconstruct the Application Data files (.xpr and .xas) and its own version of the CAA Verification Report files (referred to as the ADV Verification Report files). If the ADV detects any failure conditions, error messages are added to the generated reports. These error messages indicate where there are structural errors, as well as ensuring that the ADV Verification Reports will not match the CAA Verification Reports.

Even if the ADV fails to detect an error and generate an error message, differences in the data structures produced by the CAA and ADV will result in different 32-bit CRC summation results. Since the CRC polynomial used is primitive, the probability that the ADV will produce a CRC that matches the CAA CRC using a different set of data is 1 in 2³².

Alstom suggests the use of WinMerge as a suitable comparison tool. This open source differencing and merging tool for Windows is freely available for download from http://winmerge.org/. Any differences in the CAA and ADV Verification Reports are detected by the WinMerge tool. Refer to Section 6.6.2 for instructions.

The Application Data files (.xpr and .xas) generated by the ADV <u>must</u> match the Application Data files generated by the ADT and used as input to the CAA. This comparison proves the completeness of the data structures (no extra or missing logic or messages in the Application Data files). The report files generated by the ADV <u>must</u> also be identical to the files generated by the CAA. This comparison proves the correctness of the data structures (preconditioning constants produce the expected checkword results).

The CAA and ADV Application Data files and report files <u>must</u> be compared by the customer/application engineer in order to ensure the safety of the data structures. A report should be generated that shows the results of the comparison. This report should be signed by the customer/application engineer. Record results on Table A–1, Line 8.

- 6.6.2 Example Verification Comparison Report Procedure
- 6.6.2.1 Suggested Example: The WinMerge Tool

The WinMerge tool provides the following features that allow the operator to compare the application Verification Reports.

The WinMerge tool:

- Runs on Microsoft Windows Operating Systems
- Performs directory comparisons
- Performs text file comparisons
- Ignores comment lines and white space (if configured)
- Identifies files as identical in a format that makes it easy to identify success

6.6.2.2 WinMerge Configuration

After the WinMerge tool is downloaded and installed (Version 2.12.4 is available at http://winmerge.org/), the WinMerge application needs to be configured. See Table 6–3 to perform the initial WinMerge configuration.

Table 6–3. Configuring the WinMerge Tool

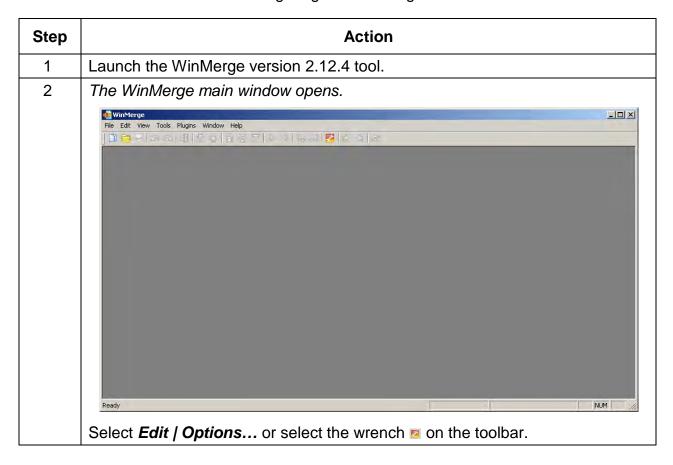


Table 6-3. Configuring the WinMerge Tool (Cont.)

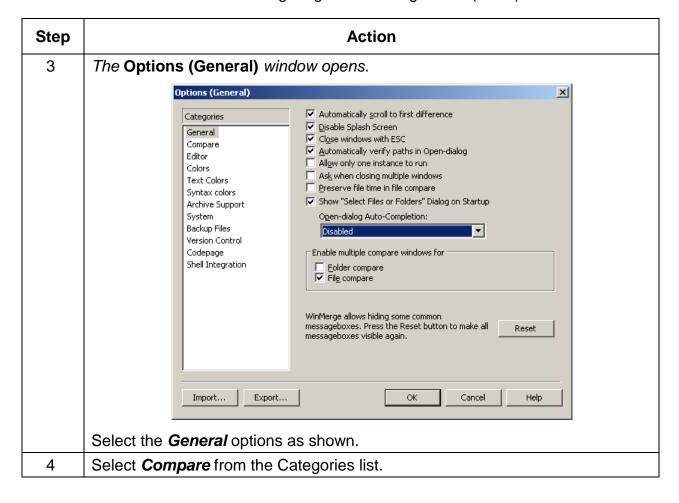


Table 6-3. Configuring the WinMerge Tool (Cont.)

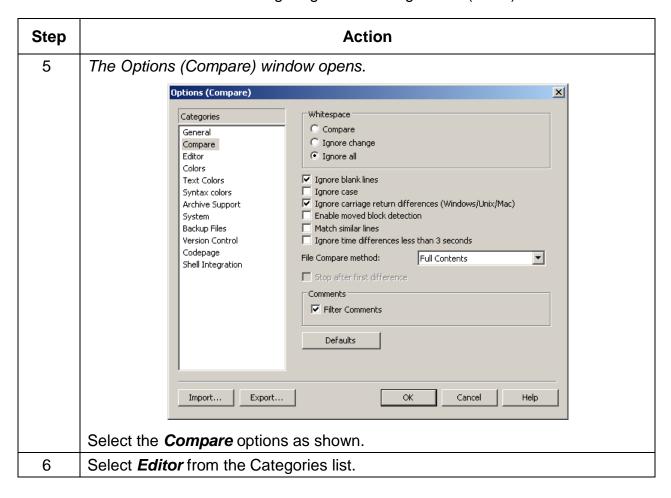


Table 6-3. Configuring the WinMerge Tool (Cont.)

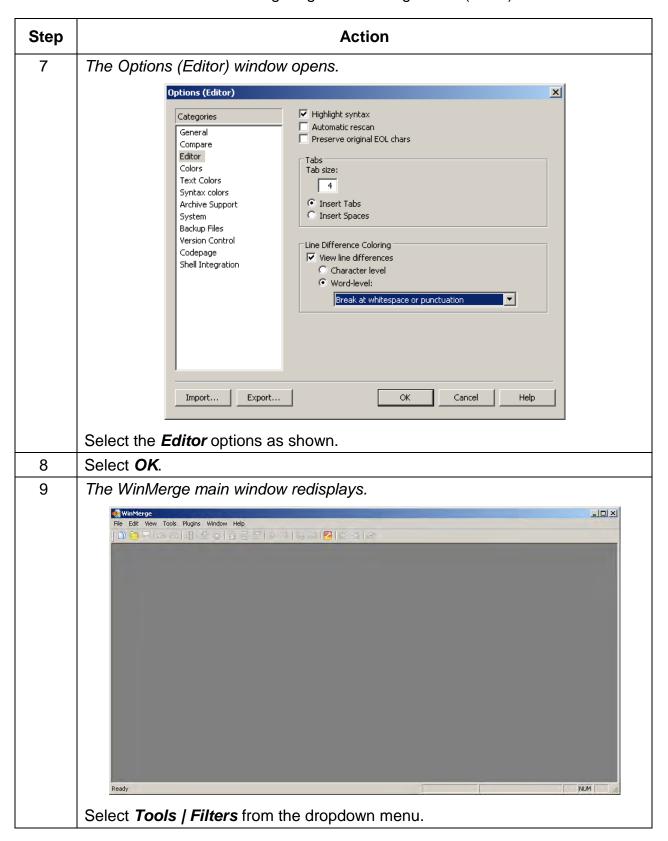


Table 6-3. Configuring the WinMerge Tool (Cont.)

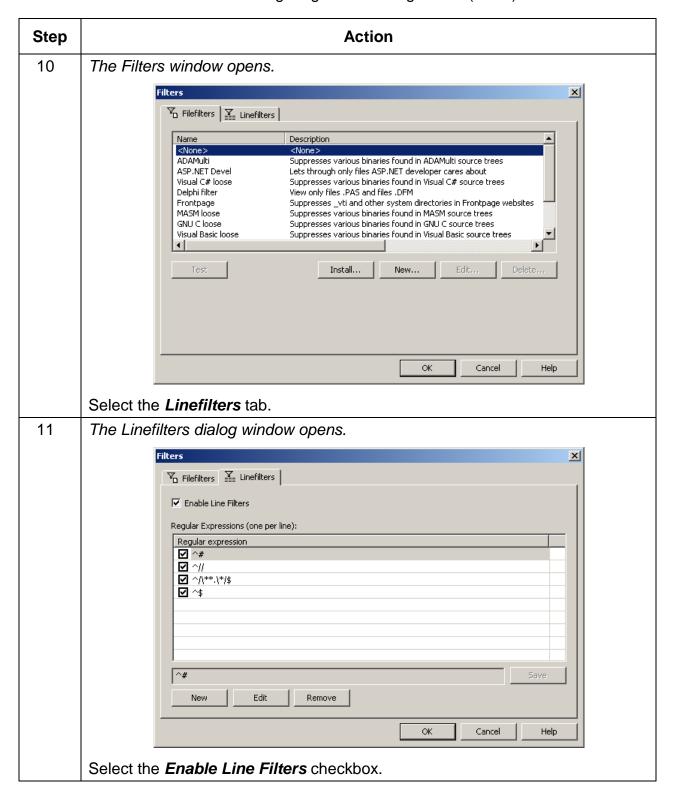


Table 6-3. Configuring the WinMerge Tool (Cont.)

| Step | Action |
|------|--|
| 12 | Add the following line filters to allow comments and empty lines to be skipped: Select <i>New</i> . Type ** in the text box. Select <i>Save</i> . |
| 12a | Repeat Step 12 for each of the following linefilters: ^// ^^*:*/\$ ^\$ |
| 12b | Select the check box for each item created. |
| 12c | Select OK . The WinMerge main window redisplays. |
| 13 | Copy or create the "IgnoreSectionMarkers.ini" file so that it contains the following lines. The file should be located in the top level of the WinMerge installation directory. [set0] StartMarker=/* EndMarker=*/ InlineMarker=# FileType0=java FileType1=cs FileType2=cpp FileType3=c FileType4=h FileType5=cxx FileType6=txt FileType7=xas FileType8=xpr |
| 14 | Close the WinMerge tool by selecting <i>File Exit</i> , or selecting the X (Close) button at the upper right of the title bar |

6.6.2.3 WinMerge Tool Usage

After successfully performing the *Tools | Verify* operation within the ADT application, a dialog window is displayed containing two folders. The CAA Output Location contains the CAA Verification Files, and the ADV Output Location contains the ADV Verification Files.

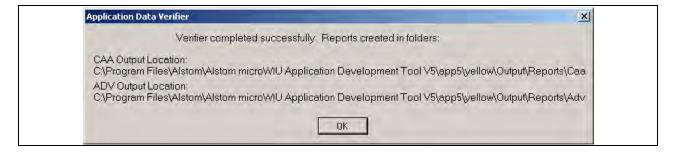


Figure 6-6. Application Data Verifier Window

The comparison of the content of these two folders should be performed by the operator. There are two parts to this.

Perform the following steps to verify the application data structures were generated correctly.

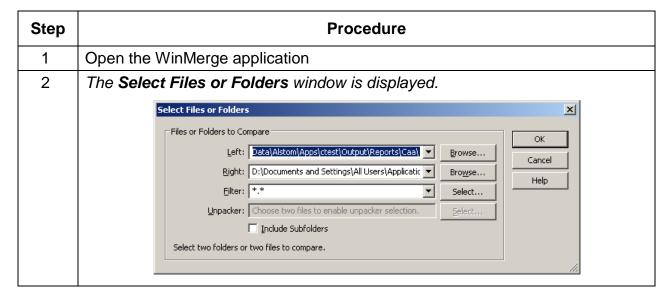


Table 6–4. WinMerge File Comparison Procedure

Table 6–4. WinMerge File Comparison Procedure (Cont.)

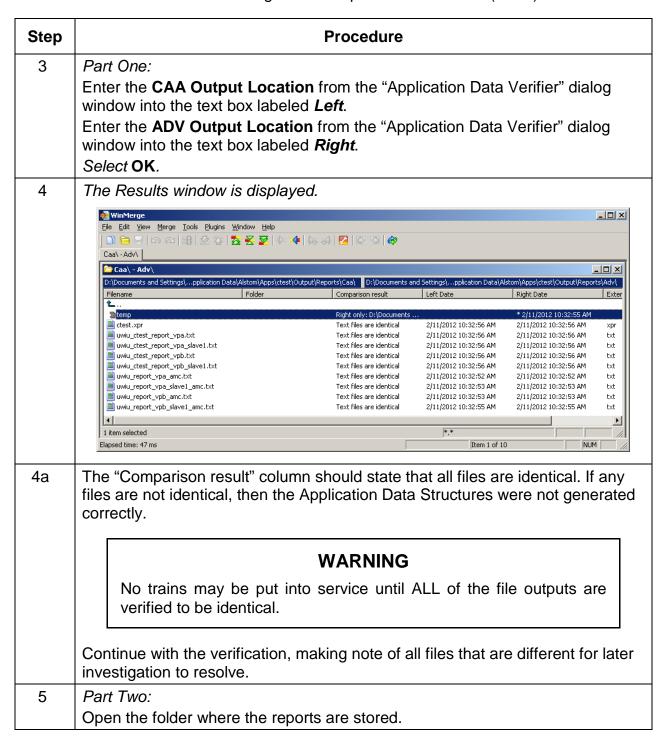


Table 6–4. WinMerge File Comparison Procedure (Cont.)

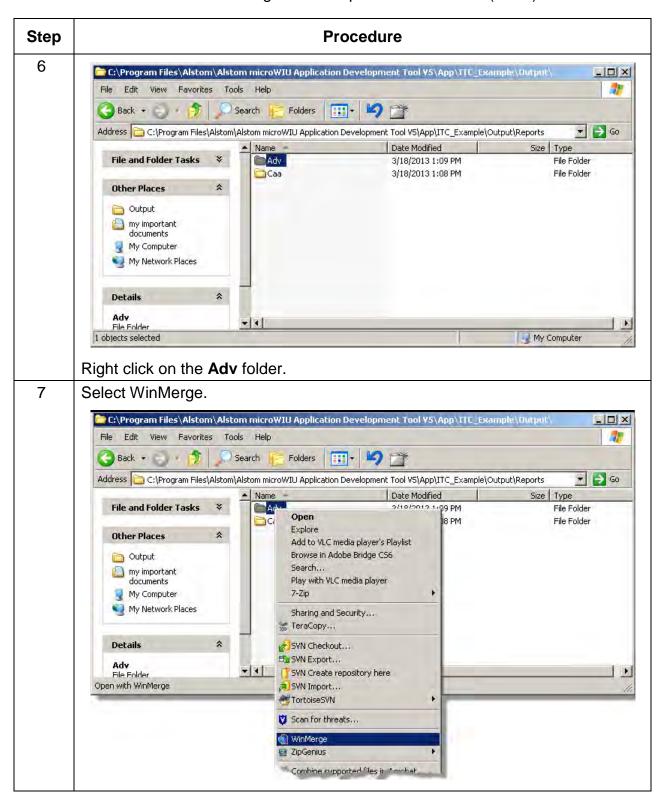


Table 6-4. WinMerge File Comparison Procedure (Cont.)

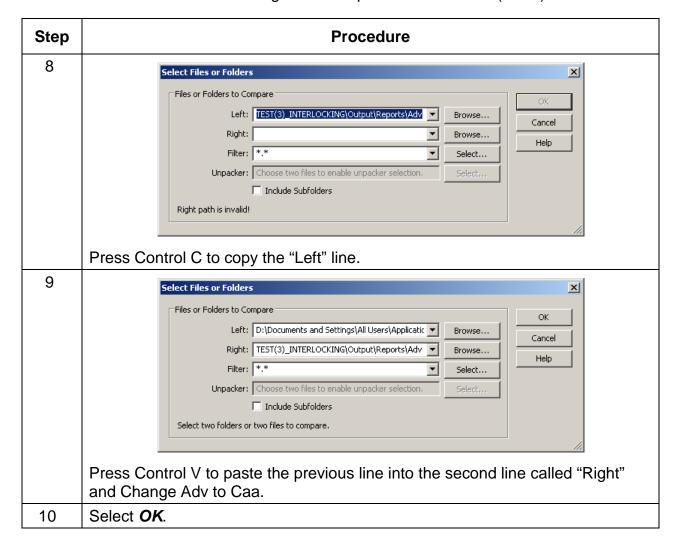
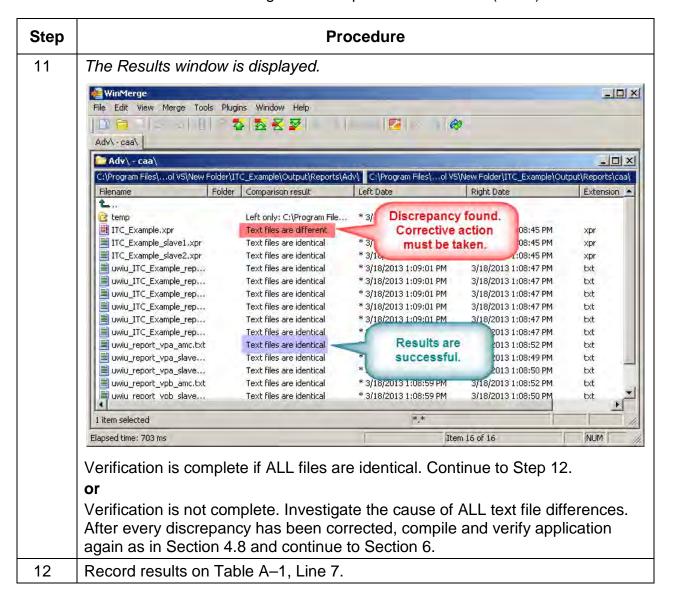


Table 6-4. WinMerge File Comparison Procedure (Cont.)



6.7 VISUAL VALIDATION OF APPLICATION DATA

The generated Application data must be validated against the requirements of the customer for each specific application.

The contents of the Application Data files (text files with .xpr and .xas extensions) are examined and verified to be correct and consistent with the desired Application Design. The Application Design is often defined by input documents, such as control tables, aspect tables, etc.

WARNING

Field testing of an Application is required before placing the location into revenue service. The customer's testing plan and safety plan define the testing requirements for the Application.

Record results on Table A–1, Line 9.

APPENDIX A - PREPARATION PROCESS DATA SHEET

A.1 INTRODUCTION

This section contains the data sheet checklist to record all necessary preparation process steps required by the customer/railroad to validate information contained in the microWIU application before beginning revenue service.

Retain all data sheets for future reference in the location prescribed by the rules of the local governing authority.

Use the data sheet in Table A–1 in conjunction with SECTION 6 – Application Data Verification.

WARNING

Prior to software installation, validation testing must confirm all application logic is correct and consistent with application requirements.

Table A–1. Application Validation Report Data Sheet

| | ALSTOM |
|------------------------|--------|
| Project Name: | |
| Project Location: | |
| ADT Version: | |
| CAA Version: | |
| ADV Version: | |
| Compile Date and Time: | |
| ADV Checker's Name: | |
| Today's Date: | |
| Comments: | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Table A-1. Application Validation Report Data Sheet (Cont.)

| Line | Section | Action | Validated as Correct by |
|------|---------|---|-------------------------|
| 1 | 6.3 | Application compiled successfully by running Tools Compile and receiving a "completed successfully" message window. | |
| 2 | 6.4 | Application verified successfully by running Tools Verify and receiving a "completed successfully" message window. | |
| | | Examination of .xpr file: | |
| 3 | 6.5 | // Vital Input Declaration// section has correct definitions for all used and unused inputs. | |
| 4 | 0.5 | // Boolean Logic Definition// section has correct Boolean logic definition for each used device. | |
| | | Examination of .xas file, if applicable: | |
| 5 | | INPUT_DATA contains correct definition for all used and unused inputs. | |
| 6 | 6.5 | INPUT_DATA contains correct inputs and input states are used in the message selection. | |
| 7 | | Visually verified all files in the CAA Output folder are identical to all files in the ADV Output folder. | |
| 8 | 6.6 | Comparison report generated and signed by customer/application engineer. Report saved in the location prescribed by the rules of the local governing authority. | |
| 9 | 6.7 | Contents of the Application Data .xpr and .xas files examined and verified to be correct and consistent with the desired Application Design. | |
| 10 | 4.10 | USB device programmed successfully. | |
| 11 | 4.10 | Application-specific CRC output data has been saved and/or printed for microWIU installation. | |
| 12 | 4.10 | USB device properly labeled according to configuration control requirements. | |
| 13 | | Only an application Validated as Correct for each Step may be installed in a microWIU. | |

APPENDIX B - SAFETY-RELATED APPLICATION CONDITIONS / ACTIONS

This section contains the Safety-Related Application checklist to record all evidence required by the customer/railroad to validate information contained in the microWIU application before beginning revenue service.

Retain this checklist information for future reference in the location and format prescribed by the rules of the local governing authority.

Table B-1. Safety-Related Application Checklist

| Safety-Related Application Condition Number | Responsible Personnel | Safety Related Application Conditions / Action | Evidence for Implementation |
|--|--------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| SRAC.1 | Application Design | The ADT/CAA/ADV shall be exclusive to Alstom personnel only or skilled and trained Application Designers per contract according to uWIU manuals. | |
| | Installation | The verification and validation process using the ADV tool must ensure that the uWIU is programmed with the correct application logic and is correctly configured. | |
| | Maintenance | For each uWIU configured, a Consolidation Report or equivalent documentation, is requested in order to build evidence that: 1. Application Data Verification (ADV) is "Pass" 2. No unused input is linked to a valid WSM (in .xpr file) and VRM (in .xas file) output msg. (Manual check for BL3&4 and automatic check for BL5 by ADV). 3. CRC matches and is correct after download on USB plug. | |
| | | Front panel check is requested: - "As built" verification of the correct uWIU Application and Firmware is activated (Revision, Revision Date and CRC associated), - "As built" verification of the correct uWIU network configuration (including VSOE2 configuration for product BL5). For details, refer to Section 6 regarding Application Data Verification. | |

Table B–1. Safety-Related Application Checklist (Cont.)

| Safety-Related Application Condition Number | Responsible Personnel | Safety Related Application Conditions / Action | Evidence for Implementation |
|--|---|--|--------------------------------|
| SRAC.2 | Application Design Installation Maintenance | The installation, testing, and validation process must ensure that the microWIU is loaded with the correct application logic. | |
| SRAC.3 | Application Design Operator | Design of user interfaces shall restrict access to authorized personnel, especially to those functions that can affect safety. | |
| SRAC.4 | Application Design Installation Maintenance | The configuration control and verification and validation processes must ensure that the microWIU is correctly configured. | |
| SRAC.5 | Installation Maintenance | Personnel must be trained and training must be sufficient to convey understanding of safety requirements and precautions. | |
| SRAC.6 | Application Design | PTC subsystems receiving microWIU messages must enter and/or maintain a safe state/operation in the presence of communications overload from the microWIU. | |

Table B–1. Safety-Related Application Checklist (Cont.)

| Safety-Related Application Condition Number | Responsible Personnel | Safety Related Application Conditions / Action | Evidence for Implementation |
|--|---|---|--------------------------------|
| SRAC.7 | Application Design Installation Maintenance | Application design process must ensure proper interface specifications (e.g. Implement project level Interface Hazard Analysis). Interface requirements to uWIU must be unambiguously specified according to Product characteristics. Input constraint that a non-permissive signal must be less than 3.4V - 10.2mA (considering component tolerances as well as the worst case combination of failures). Personnel must be trained and qualified, in accordance with the product | |
| | | installation or maintenance manuals before installing or servicing microWIU equipment. Prior to installation, validation testing must confirm that all application logic is correct. | |
| SRAC.8 | Application Design Installation Operation Maintenance | Processing of ACSES output messages when in the Shadow mode must "vitally" ensure that if the message is inadvertently transmitted to the wrong port (i.e., the ACSES network port vs the specified shadow mode port), then the message will NOT be acceptable by the ACSES OBC (i.e., it will fail the protocol checks; such as an incorrect 72-bit CRC). | |
| SRAC.9 | Application Design | The verification process using the Application Data Verifier must be performed to ensure Vital application data structures are correct. Prior to installation, validation testing must confirm that all application logic is correct. | |

Table B–1. Safety-Related Application Checklist (Cont.)

| Safety-Related Application Condition Number | Responsible Personnel | Safety Related Application Conditions / Action | Evidence for Implementation |
|--|--------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| SRAC.10 | Application Design | The safety level provided by the ACSES and/or ITC protocol(s) must be considered for the application. | |
| | | ITC and ACSES protocols must protect the Vital information and the OBC must respond safely to receipt of any messages not meeting protocol and/or expected requirements (e.g. out of sequence, unexpected, same time stamp). | |
| SRAC.11 | Application Design | Railroad correspondence (validation) testing must be conducted to ensure that microWIU configuration and physical connections agree with railroad track conditions. | |
| | Installation | | |
| | Maintenance | The verification and validation process must ensure that the microWIU is configured correctly. | |
| SRAC.12 | Application Design | The installation, testing, and validation process must ensure that the microWIU is loaded with the correct application logic. | |
| | Installation | | |
| SRAC.12a | Application Design | Railroad must manage Login and Password for authorized staff. | |
| | Installation | Remote access via TCP/IP connection is secured by SSL and controlled by Login and Password. | |
| | Operation & Maintenance | | |

Table B–1. Safety-Related Application Checklist (Cont.)

| Safety-Related Application Condition Number | Responsible Personnel | Safety Related Application Conditions / Action | Evidence for Implementation |
|--|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| SRAC.13 | Installation Maintenance | Personnel must be trained and qualified, in accordance with the product installation or maintenance manuals before installing or servicing microWIU equipment. | |
| | | The input cables and connectors are to be keyed and the connectors are clearly labeled. | |
| | | Appropriate field testing must be done after installation/maintenance is performed. | |
| SRAC.14 | Alstom Application | Use of unique physical keying shall be used to ensure the correct Baseline hardware and software is installed. | |
| | Design Installation | Personnel must be trained and qualified, in accordance with the product installation or maintenance manuals before installing or servicing microWIU equipment. | |
| | | Prior to installation, validation testing must confirm that all application logic is correct. | |
| SRAC.15 | Installation | Equipment access doors must be locked. | |
| | Operation Maintenance | The microWIU equipment must only be serviced by authorized and qualified personnel according to product installation or maintenance manuals. | |
| | iviairiteriairte | All equipment access to be protected by user access procedures that are consistent with cyber-security practice throughout the industry. | |
| | | Critical cables connections to be keyed. | |

Table B–1. Safety-Related Application Checklist (Cont.)

| Safety-Related Application Condition Number | Responsible Personnel | Safety Related Application Conditions / Action | Evidence for Implementation |
|--|--------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| SRAC.16 | Maintenance | Training of railroad staff shall be required before servicing any microWIU. | |
| | | Training & Maintenance records will be maintained to assure proper maintenance. | |
| SRAC.17 | Maintenance | Maintenance personnel must be trained and qualified before servicing PTC equipment. Proper operation of PTC must be verified by field test after repair and before use. | |
| | | When boards are replaced, record the source/nature of the fault, part number, serial number, location for the component that is removed. Boards affecting safety shall be keyed. | |
| | | Clarification: microWIU is designed as a Line Replaceable Unit (LRU) i.e., Boards cannot be replaced/removed on site. | |
| SRAC.18 | Application Design | On-board equipment must fail safely if data from microWIU is not provided or delayed. | |
| SRAC.19 | Operation | Maintainers must review microWIU error logs and repair or remove from service a microWIU reporting Heath-Sync-Lost or Fatal-Error type error(s) within 4 days. | |
| | Maintenance | Any operational impact that may be due to the microWIU (such as, On-Board unit fails to receive message from microWIU or On-board unit receives invalid messages from the microWIU) must be reported to maintenance department daily by railroad personnel (i.e. by Locomotive engineers or trackside workers). Maintainers must repair or remove from service any microWIU reporting the | |
| | | Heath-Sync-Lost or Fatal-Error type error(s type error(s) or any microWIU reported as potentially impacting operations within four days. | |
| SRAC.20 | Operation Maintenance | For microWIUs operating in ACSES mode, the maintainers must follow the periodic maintenance recommendation as described in the Operations and Maintenance Manual. | |

Table B–1. Safety-Related Application Checklist (Cont.)

| Safety-Related Application Condition Number | Responsible Personnel | Safety Related Application Conditions / Action | Evidence for Implementation |
|--|---|---|--------------------------------|
| SRAC.21 | Application Design Installation Maintenance | The microWIU system must be installed in a way that eliminates or reduces the risk of external influences affecting the voltages present on the microWIU's Vital inputs. | |
| SRAC.22 | Application Design Installation Maintenance | Wayside equipment serving as Vital inputs to a microWIU must itself be Vital. | |
| SRAC.23 | Application Design Installation | The procedure for configuring and installing microWIU units must ensure correlation between the configuration and the site of installation. | |
| SRAC.24 | Application Design Operation | Equipment that receives ACSES/ITC messages from microWIU units must safely handle situations in which messages from the microWIU are transmitted with abnormal frequency. | |
| SRAC.25 | Application Design Operation | Equipment that receives ACSES/ITC messages must safely handle the reception of outdated messages, as revealed by the messages' timestamps. | |
| SRAC.26 | Application Design Operation | Equipment that receives ACSES/ITC messages must safely handle the reception of messages that are not the type for which the microWIU is configured. | |

Table B–1. Safety-Related Application Checklist (Cont.)

| Safety-Related Application Condition Number | Responsible Personnel | Safety Related Application Conditions / Action | Evidence for Implementation |
|--|--|--|--------------------------------|
| SRAC.27 | Application Design Installation Operation Maintenance | The microWIU design is to be tested for safe and correct performance in the presence of standard limits of external interference, as specified in the Hardware Requirements Specification AREMA compliant. | |
| SRAC.28 | N/A | Cancelled. | |
| SRAC.29 | Application Design Installation Operation Maintenanc e | The EMI sensitivity of equipment external to the microWIU is outside the scope of this product-level analysis. | |
| SRAC.30 | Application Design Installation | All interfaces between the microWIU and other equipment with which it is compatible must be tested and their performance must be verified. | |
| SRAC.31 | Application Design | The end-user application of the microWIU's non-vital outputs is outside the scope of this product-level analysis. | |

Table B–1. Safety-Related Application Checklist (Cont.)

| Safety-Related Application Condition Number | Responsible Personnel | Safety Related Application Conditions / Action | Evidence for Implementation |
|--|--------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| SRAC.32 | Application Design | microWIU Baseline 4 and 5 units are compatible with external equipment with valid FLASHING state outputs. | |
| | Installation | All interfaces between the microWIU and other equipment which could result in spurious FLASHING must be analyzed and tested and their performance must be verified. | |
| RAC.33* | Application Design | The on-site robustness of the CAN bus protocol is outside the scope of this product-level analysis. | |
| SRAC.34 | Application Design | Slave identification information, contained within a microWIU's configuration data, must be correct. | |
| SRAC.35 | Application Design | The input state requirements for generating particular ACSES messages must be verified at the application level and measures must be taken to confirm that the microWIU's ADS contents are consistent with the application requirements. | |
| SRAC.36 | Installation | Master/slave network connections must be installed correctly and verified. | |
| SRAC.37 | Application Design | The microWIU's handling of ACSES Timestamp message field must be considered by the application. | |
| SRAC.38 | Application Design | The microWIU's handling of ACSES Train ID message field must be considered by the application. | |
| SRAC.39 | Application Design | The input state requirements for generating ITC messages must be verified at the application level. | |
| SRAC.40 | Application Design | The Boolean logic functions that are a part of the construction of ITC messages must be verified at the application level and measures must be taken to confirm that the microWIU's ADS contents are consistent with the application requirements. | |

Table B–1. Safety-Related Application Checklist (Cont.)

| Safety-Related Application Condition Number | Responsible Personnel | Safety Related Application Conditions / Action | Evidence for Implementation |
|--|--------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| SRAC.41 | Application Design | Formal application engineer training shall explain proper selection and use of VSOE2 including message configuration. | |
| | Installation | The verification and validation process (supported by the ADV tool) must ensure that the uWIU and VPI are programmed with the correct application logic and is correctly configured. | |
| | Maintenance | Note: uWIU and VPI shall not be viewed as two independent products. The verification and validation process must ensure the coherency and the compatibility between uWIU and VPI. | |
| SRAC.42 | Application Design | The Ethernet network shall be maintained as a private and dedicated communications network for Signaling to prevent malicious action. | |
| | Installation | | |
| | Maintenance | | |

^{*} Reliability Application Condition, not Safety-related

FOR QUESTIONS AND INQUIRIES, CONTACT CUSTOMER SERVICE AT 1–800–717–4477
OR
WWW.ALSTOMSIGNALINGSOLUTIONS.COM

ALSTOM SIGNALING INC. 1025 JOHN STREET WEST HENRIETTA, NY 14586